

Budi Supomo – ID ABB, 2014

# Micro-Grids and renewable energy integration

Power and productivity  
for a better world™



# Global energy challenges

## Social, economic and environmental



### Access to electricity and water

- At an economically viable cost
- For an increasing global population

### Climate change and protection

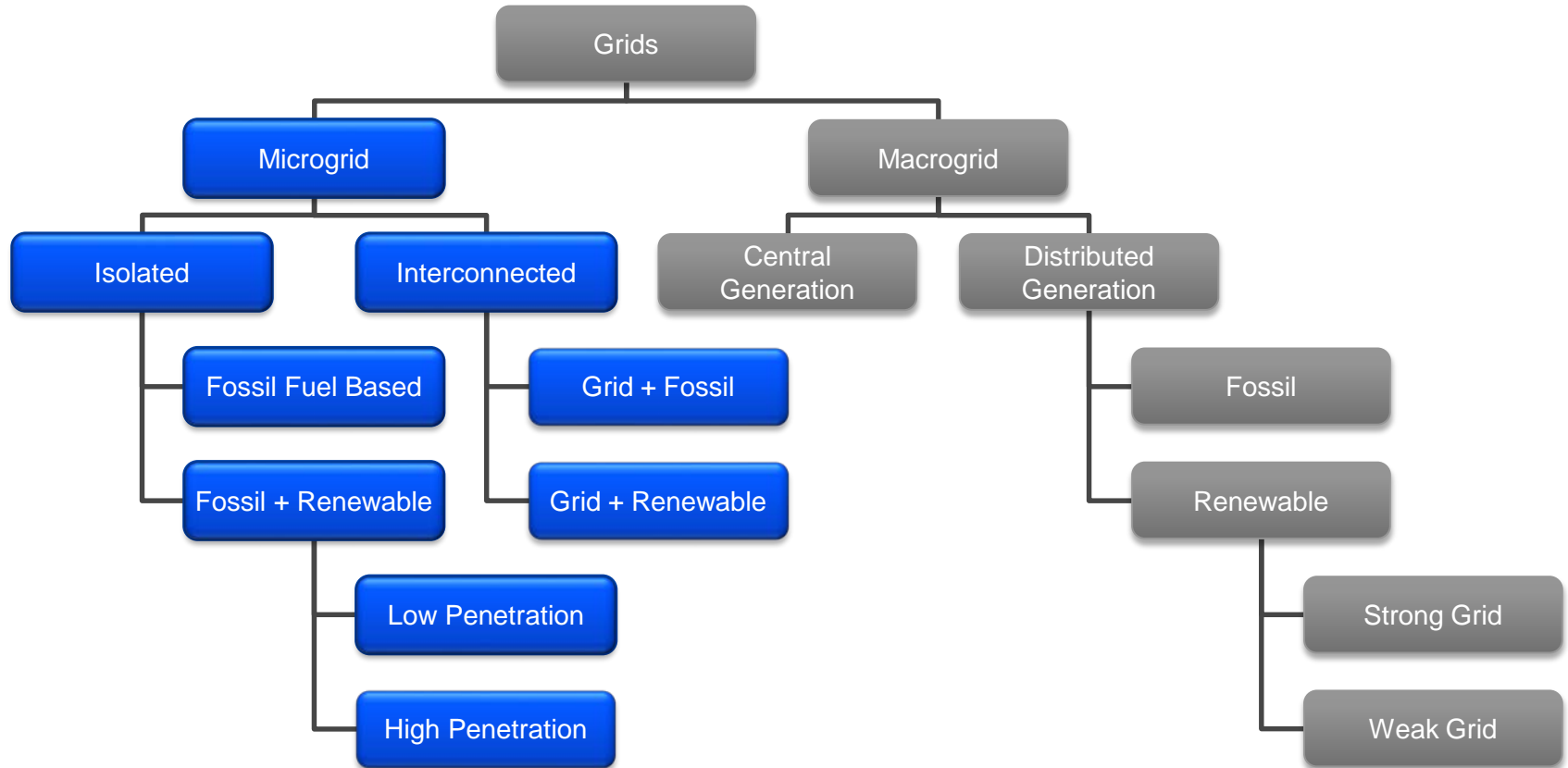
- CO<sub>2</sub> reduction goals
- Sustainable power generation
- Energy efficiency

### Increased need for significant infrastructure investments to overcome challenges related to

- Centralized solutions
- Decentralized solutions

# Micro-Grids

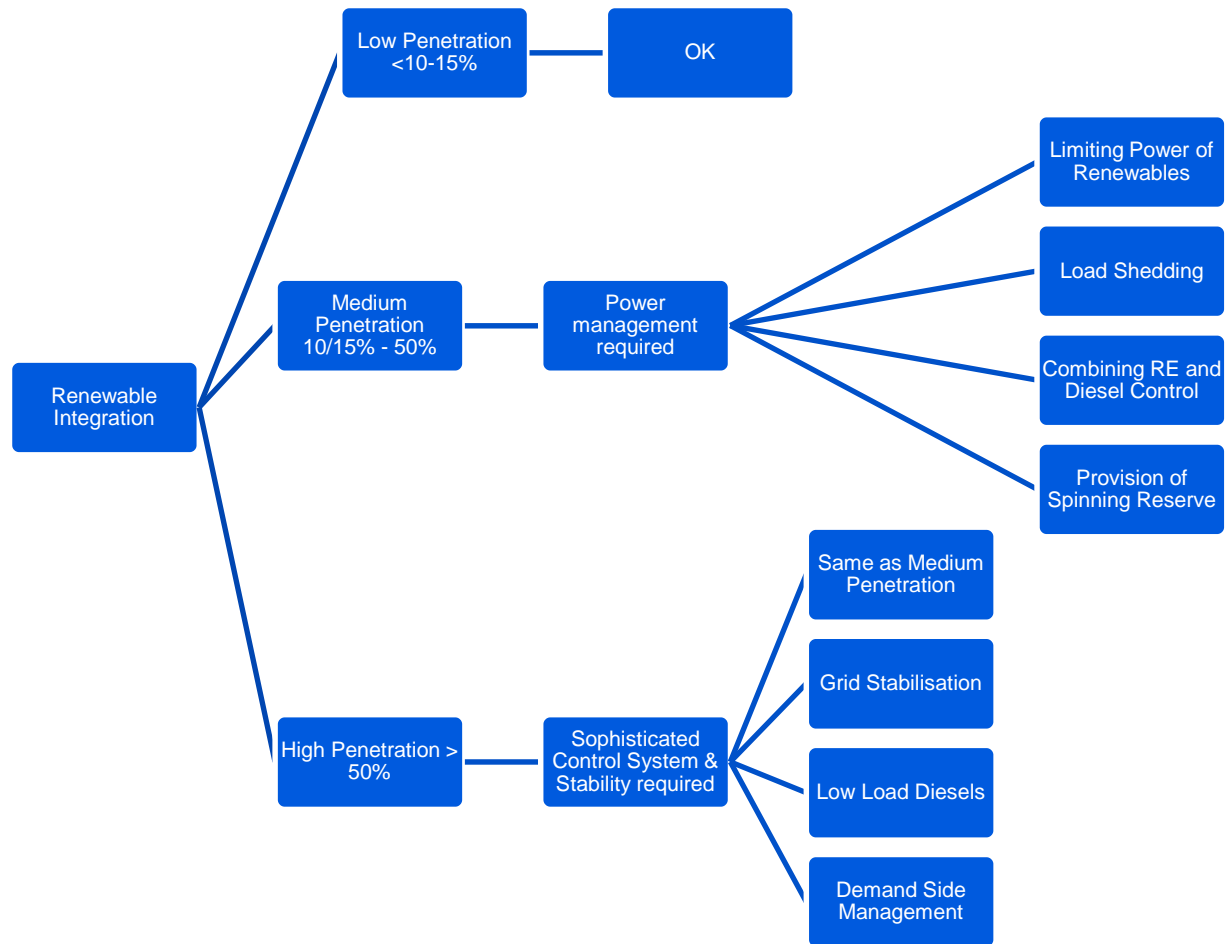
## Decentralized, self-sufficient power networks



**Microgrids are generally located in regions rich in renewable energy resources**

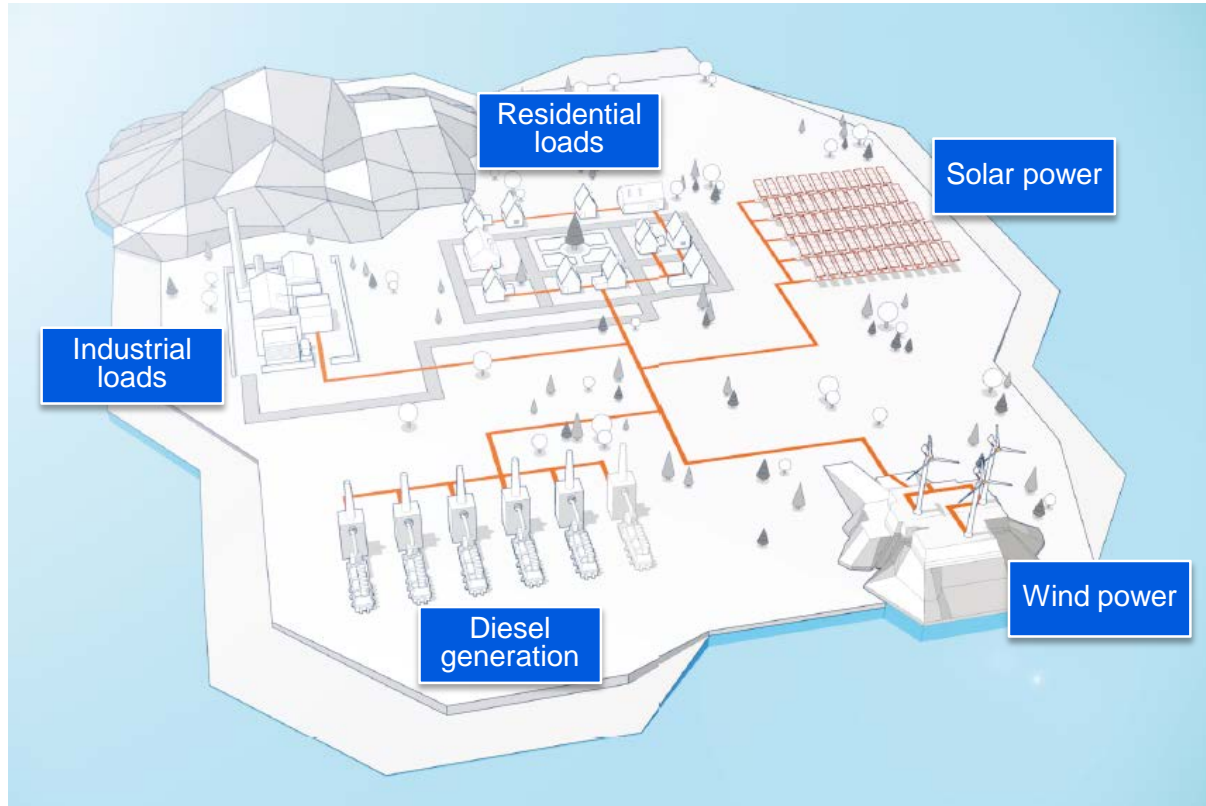
# Grid stabilization for high penetration systems

## Integration Strategies



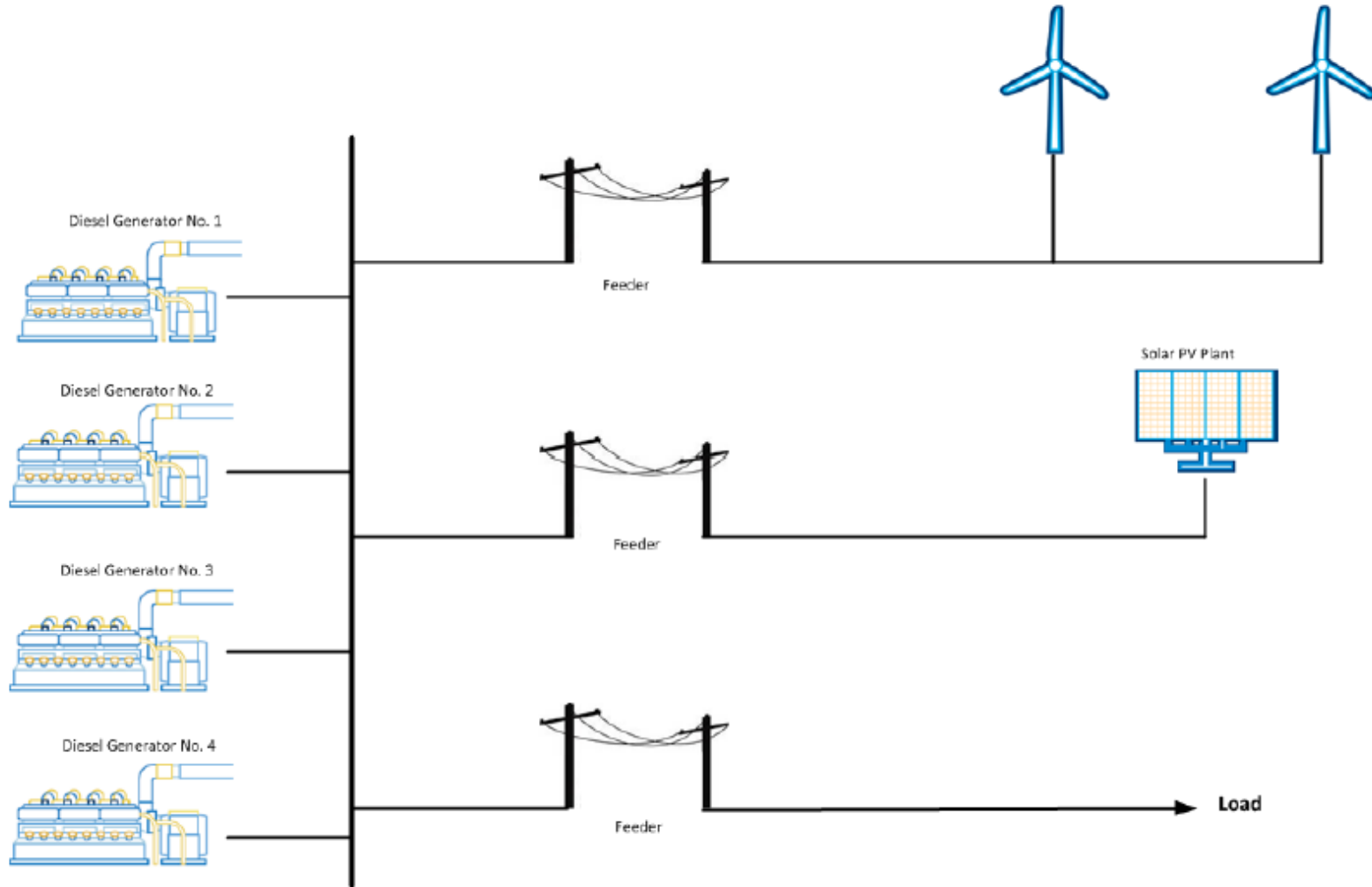
# Grids powered by fossil-fuel and renewable energy

## Diesel Micro-Grids



**Diesel microgrids have the greatest energy cost savings potential**

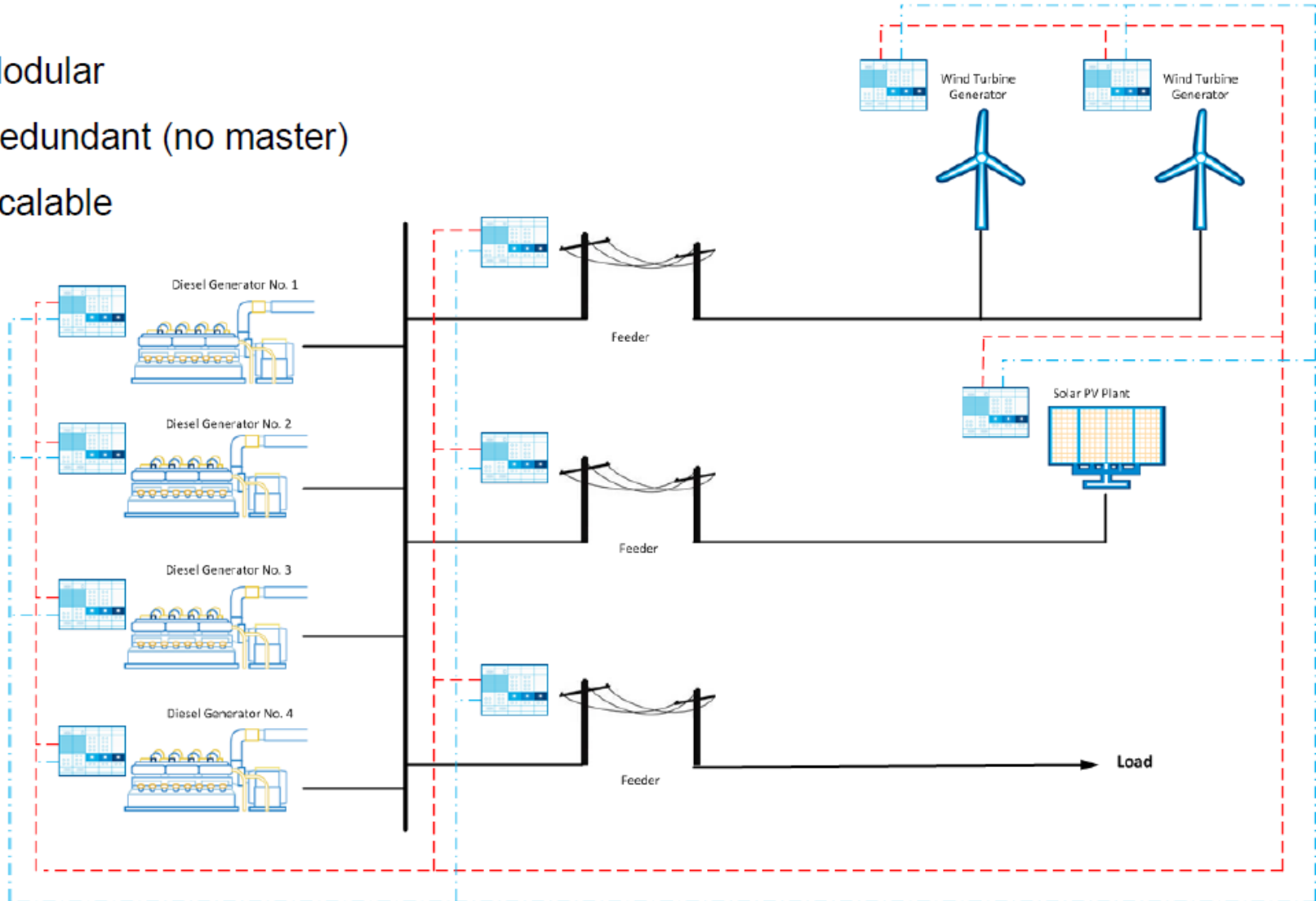
# Off Grid Micro-Grid Typical System Configuration



# Integration Solution Micro-Grid

## Networked Power Control & Optimization System

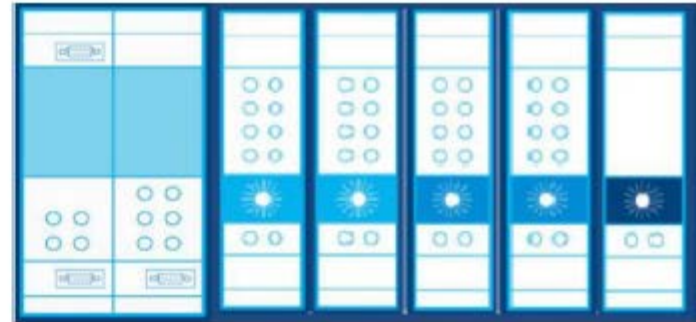
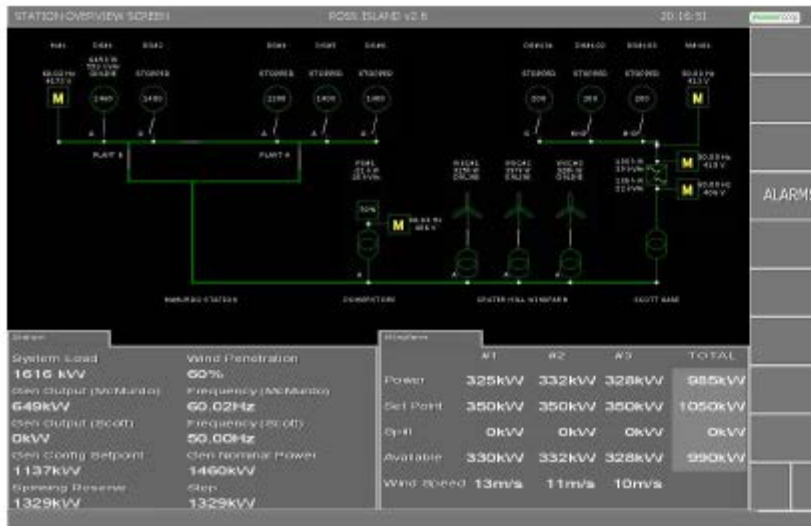
- Modular
- Redundant (no master)
- Scalable





# Integration Solution Micro-Grid

## ABB Solution : RMC 600 System

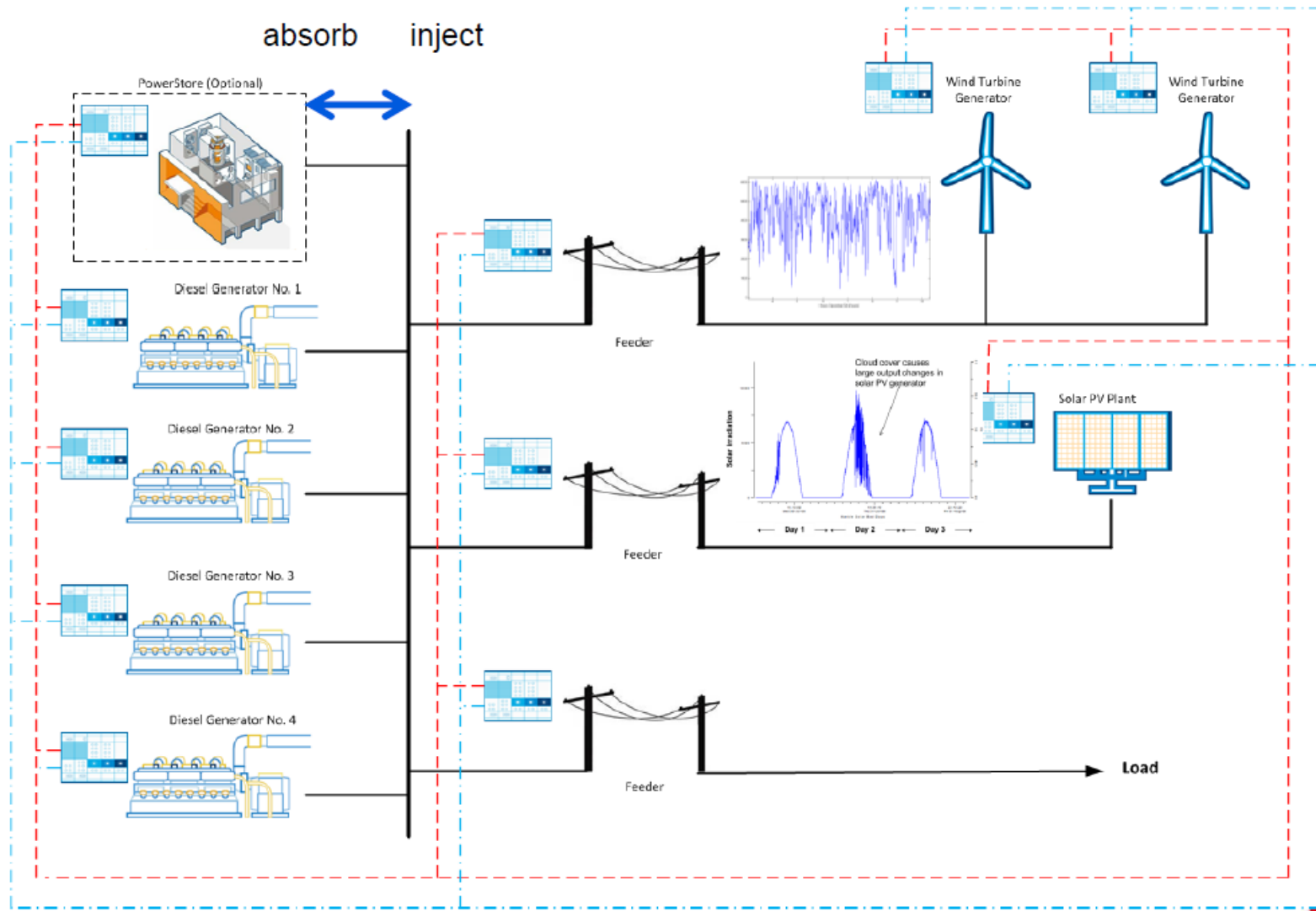


- Retrofit to existing diesel plant
- Integrate generators and loads
- Uses simple non proprietary Interface
- Configuration by Power System Engineers using web pages



# Integration Solution Micro-Grid

## Grid Stabilizing using Flywheel or Battery



# Renewable energy integration challenges

## Microgrid technology solutions - typical penetration levels

Wind/solar/diesel systems	Annual Average Contribution	Peak Penetration
No integration	7-10%	20%
Automated dispatch	10-15%	22%
Grid stabilizing	40-60%	100%
Automated demand response	60-80%	100%
Energy storage	100%	100%

# Microgrid design Model verification – using real data

Input



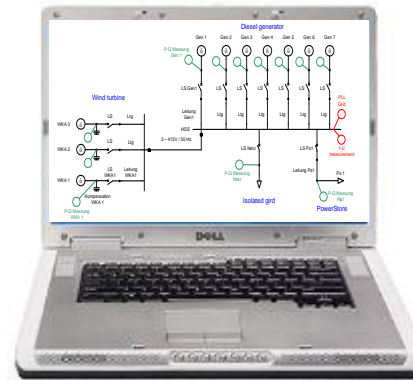
Power System Model



Output

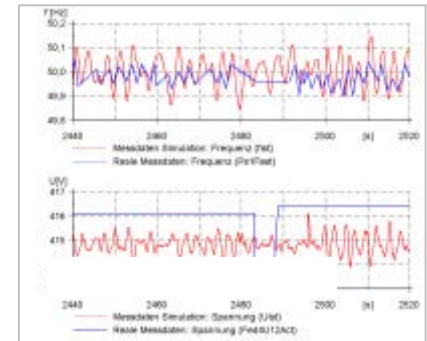
Recorded data from real system

	A	B	C	D	E	F
2		Zeit in sec	As	min	max	
3	12.2.08 17:20	1202836000	5.6580	0	11	Tap
4	12.2.08 17:30	1202837400	4.7091	0	19	
5	12.2.08 17:40	1202838200	11.3545	0	32	
6	12.2.08 17:50	1202839000	9.5527	0	18	
7	12.2.08 18:00	1202839800	14.6363	0	34	
8	12.2.08 18:10	1202840600	16.1769	0	36	
9	12.2.08 18:20	1202841400	24.1959	0	40	
10	12.2.08 18:30	1202842200	18.0206	0	46	
11	12.2.08 18:40	1202843000	26.4321	0	48	
12	12.2.08 18:50	1202843800	29.0116	0	50	
13	12.2.08 19:00	1202844600	52.3611	0	70	
14	12.2.08 19:10	1202845400	76.8807	37	105	0
15	12.2.08 19:20	1202846200	92.7382	69	123	



Simulation tool

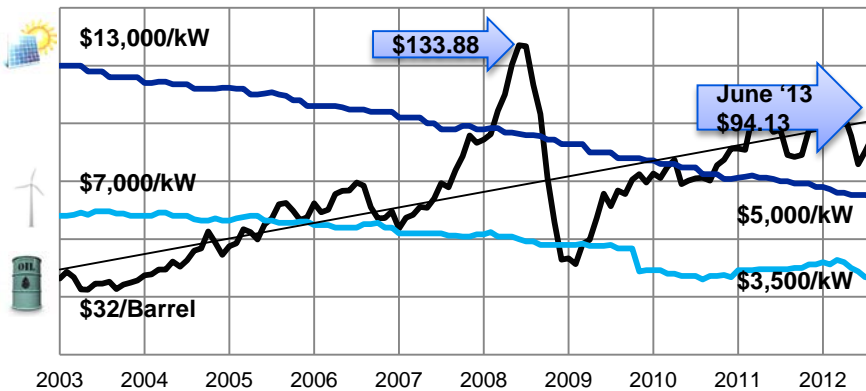
Output of simulation  
(Voltage, frequency, etc.)



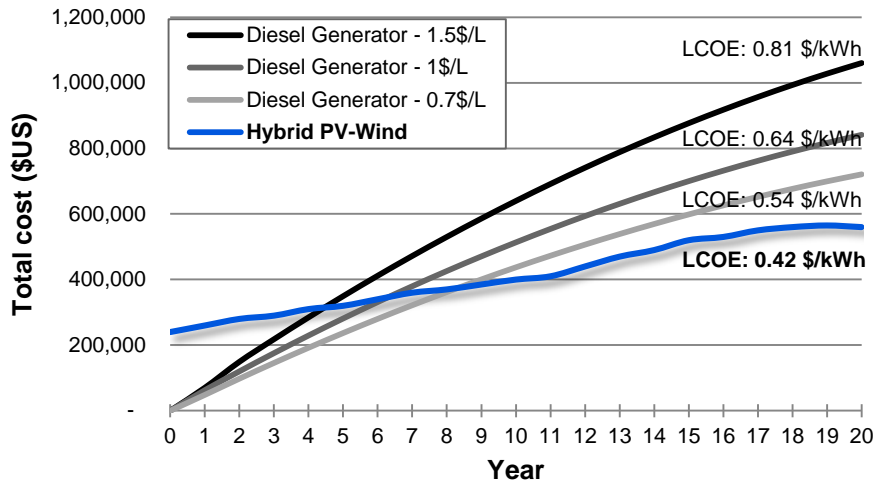
# Integrating renewable energy into Micro-Grids

## Secure power generation and fuel cost savings

Average Oil Increase in USD\$/Barrel is \$12.50/year



- Diesel fuel cost is volatile and rising over time
- Renewable energy cost is far less volatile and reducing over time
  - Energy source is free



- Renewable energy is economically competitive today
  - Levelled Cost of Electricity (LCOE) lower than diesel fuel generation

Sources: 1) US Energy Information Administration – Independent Statistics and Analysis

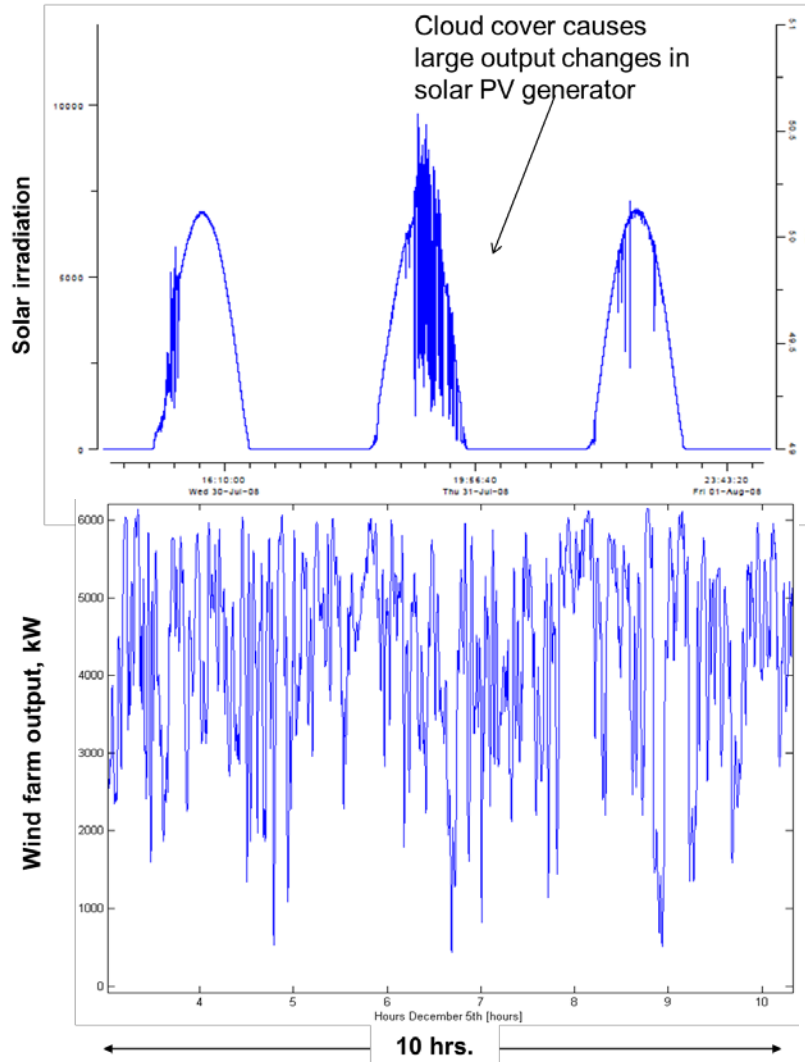
<http://www.cleantechinvestor.com/portal/fuel-cells/6422-mining-and-energy.html>

2) Alliance for Rural electrification (ARE). Projections made from a case study based in Ecuador with real natural conditions.

[http://www.ruralelec.org/fileadmin/DATA/Documents/06\\_Publications/Position\\_papers/ARE\\_TECHNOLOGICAL\\_PUBLICATION.pdf](http://www.ruralelec.org/fileadmin/DATA/Documents/06_Publications/Position_papers/ARE_TECHNOLOGICAL_PUBLICATION.pdf)

# Renewable energy integration challenges

## Managing power output fluctuations



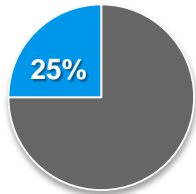
- Inherent volatility of renewable energy can compromise grid stability
- The renewable energy integration solution must address requirements traditionally fulfilled by diesel generation (base load)
  - Frequency and voltage control
  - Sufficient spinning reserve
  - Sufficient active and reactive power supply
  - Peak shaving and load levelling
  - Load sharing between generators
  - Fault current provision
- Renewable energy generation capacity should be sized to maximize ROI and fuel savings

# Renewable energy integration

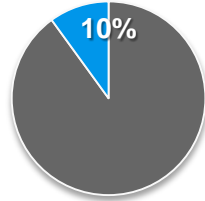
## High penetration leads to short payback and higher ROI

### Low renewable energy contribution

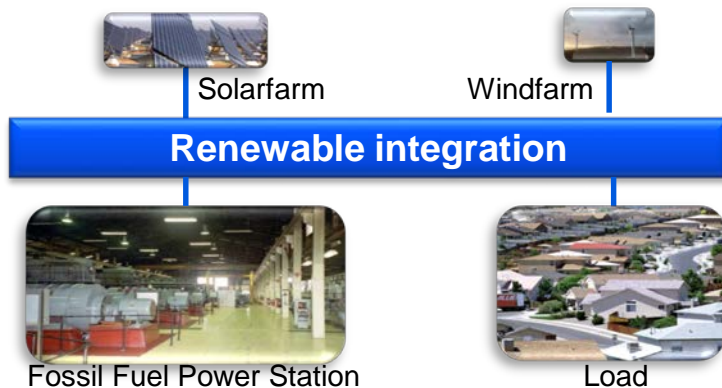
Peak Power



Annual Avg Energy/  
fuel savings



- **Control system:** none/simple
- **Grid frequency:** within operational limits

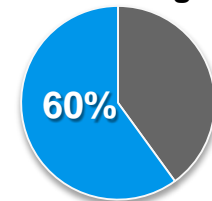


### High renewable energy contribution

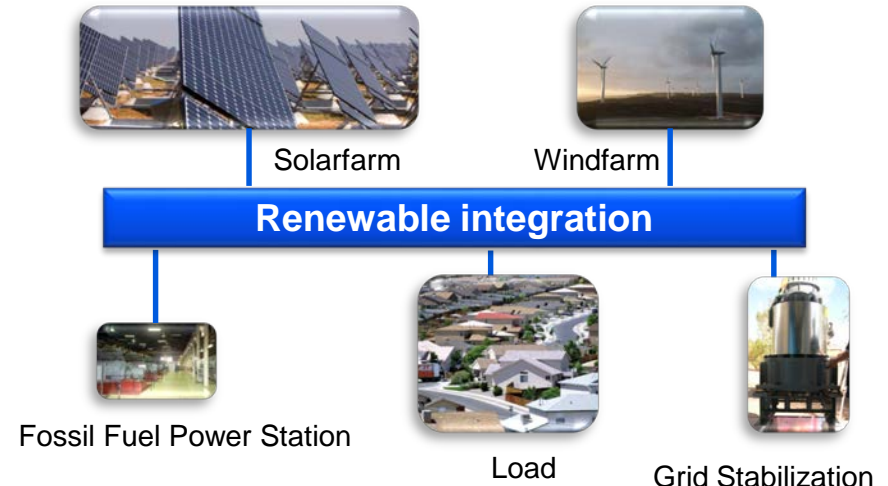
Peak Power



Annual Avg Energy/  
fuel savings



- **Control system:** sophisticated
- **Grid frequency:** stable





# Renewable energy integration challenges

## Summary

- Renewable energy volatility compromises grid stability
- Integration without intelligent plant control system limits economic benefits
  - Poor integration can damage fossil fuel generators
  - Lack of automatic adjustment of spinning reserve results in higher fuel consumption
  - Renewable generation may have to be curtailed to guarantee grid stability
- Use of intelligent control and grid stabilization enables high penetration systems resulting in shortest payback and highest ROI
  - Up to 100% renewable energy peak penetration and 60% annual energy contribution is typical

ABB solution

# ABB RE + and renewable energy generation

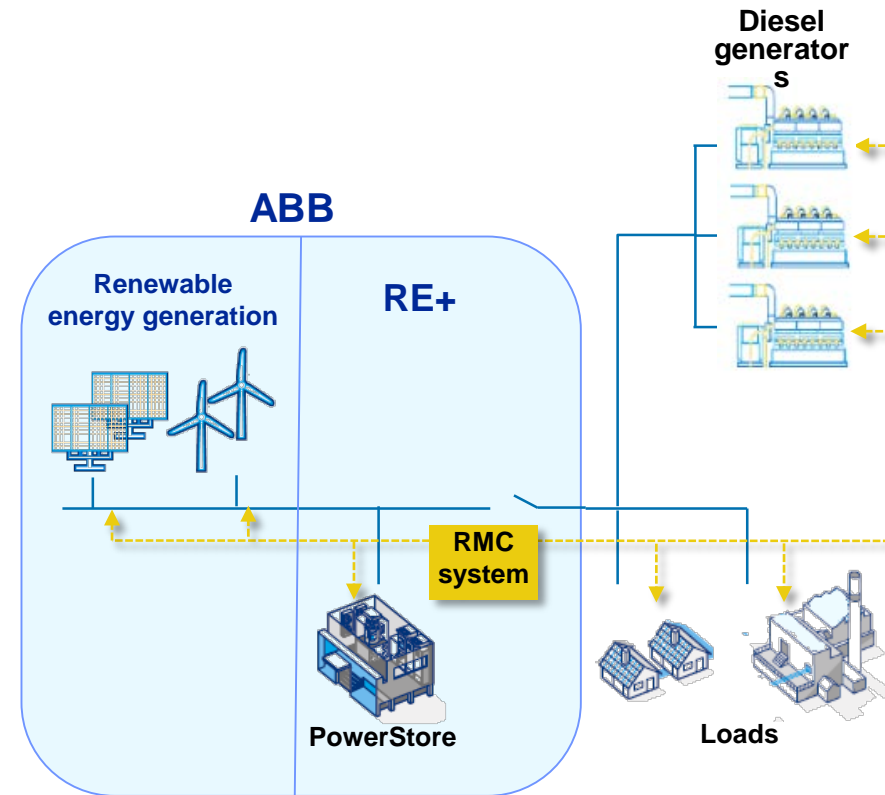
## Comprehensive solution from a single source

### RE + enables high penetration, up to 100%, into diesel microgrids

- **Expertise in engineering and consulting**
  - ✓ 25+ years of microgrid experience and system design optimization
- **Intelligent control and management of all interconnections**
  - ✓ Remote Microgrid Controller (RMC 600)
- **Grid stabilization**
  - ✓ PowerStore™

### Additional expertise and capabilities

- **Renewable energy generation**
  - ✓ Solar PV plant/farms turnkey solutions
  - ✓ Wind farm integration



# Technologies for Micro-Grids and Distributed Generation

## Key Technological Components

### 1. Grid Stabilizing Systems

- Keep the voltage (and frequency) stable even with a high penetration of intermittent renewable energy sources and with sudden load variations

### 2. Energy Storage Systems

- To locally increase the match of generation and load, i.e. to consume power predominantly near to where it is generated

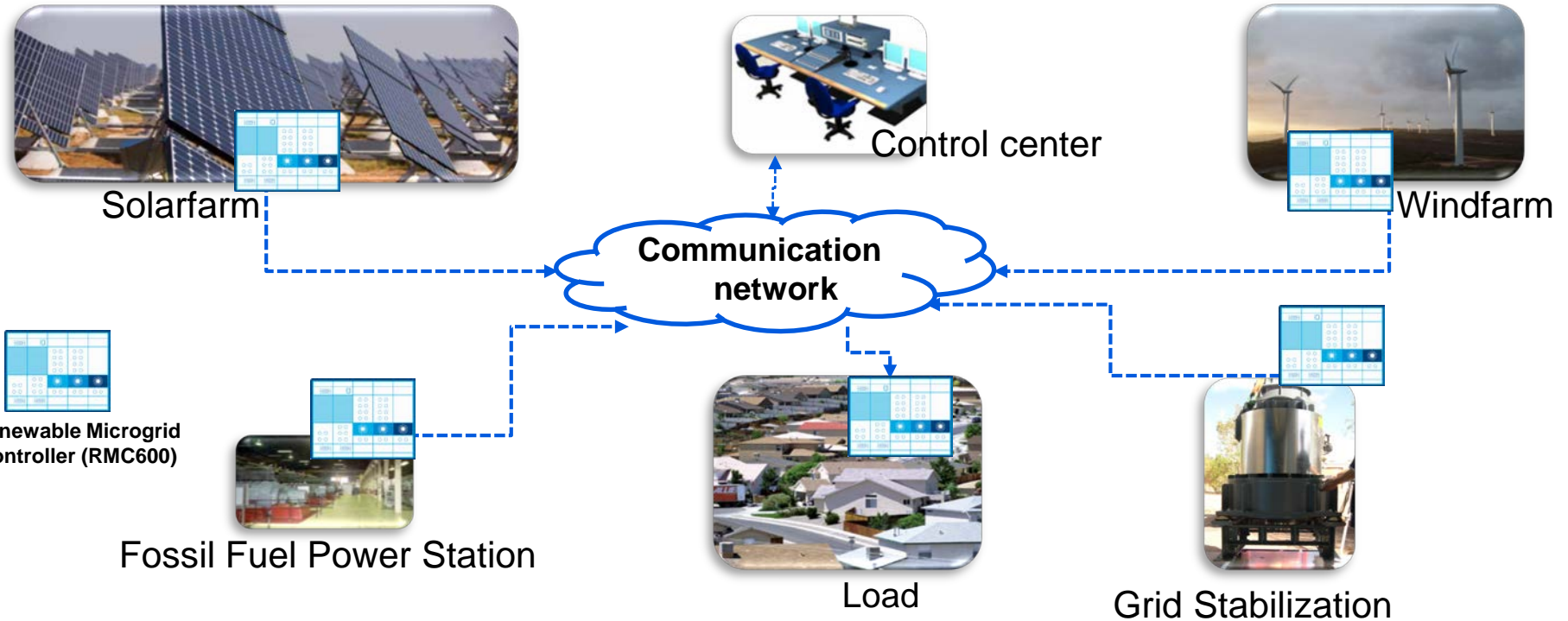
### 3. Distributed Power Flow Control Systems

- To maximize use of renewable while maintaining the grid stable and providing high quality power and maximizing asset life

### 4. On/Off-grid Transition Systems

# ABB RE+: Renewable microgrid controller, RMC 600

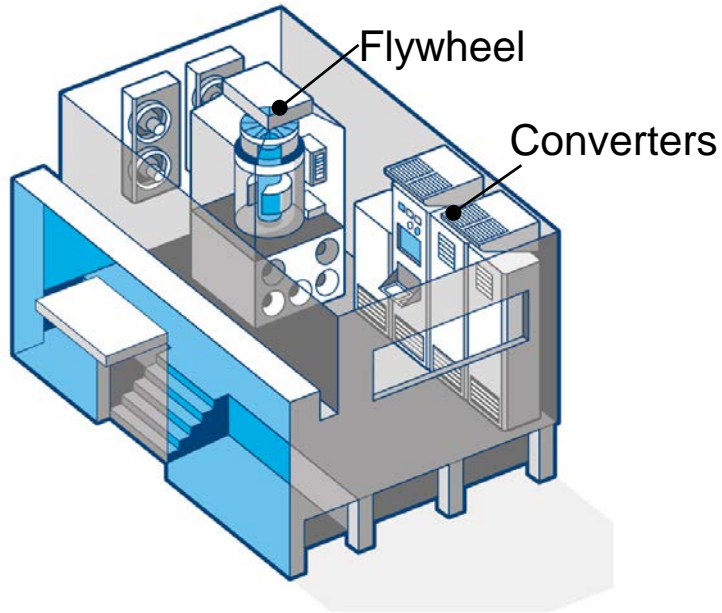
## Efficient and reliable power management



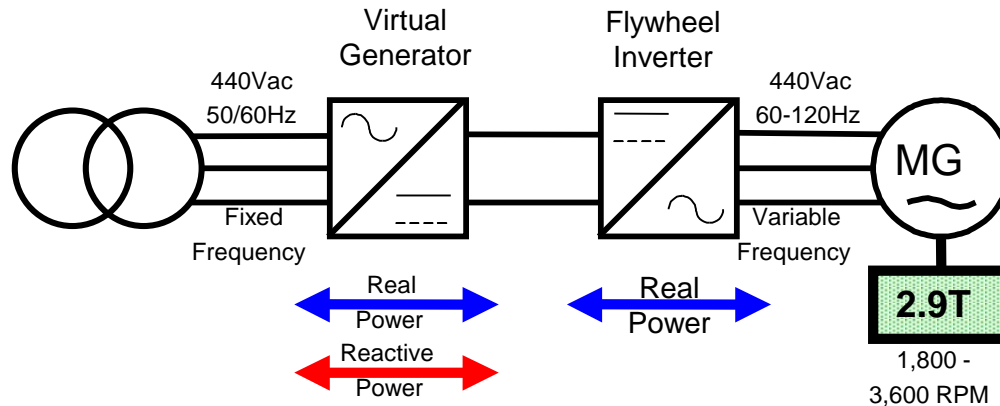
- Maximize renewable energy penetration and fuel savings
- Optimum loading and spinning reserve in fossil fuel generators
- Distributed control logic enhances reliability and scalability for future expansions

# ABB RE+: PowerStore™ flywheel system

## Grid stabilization

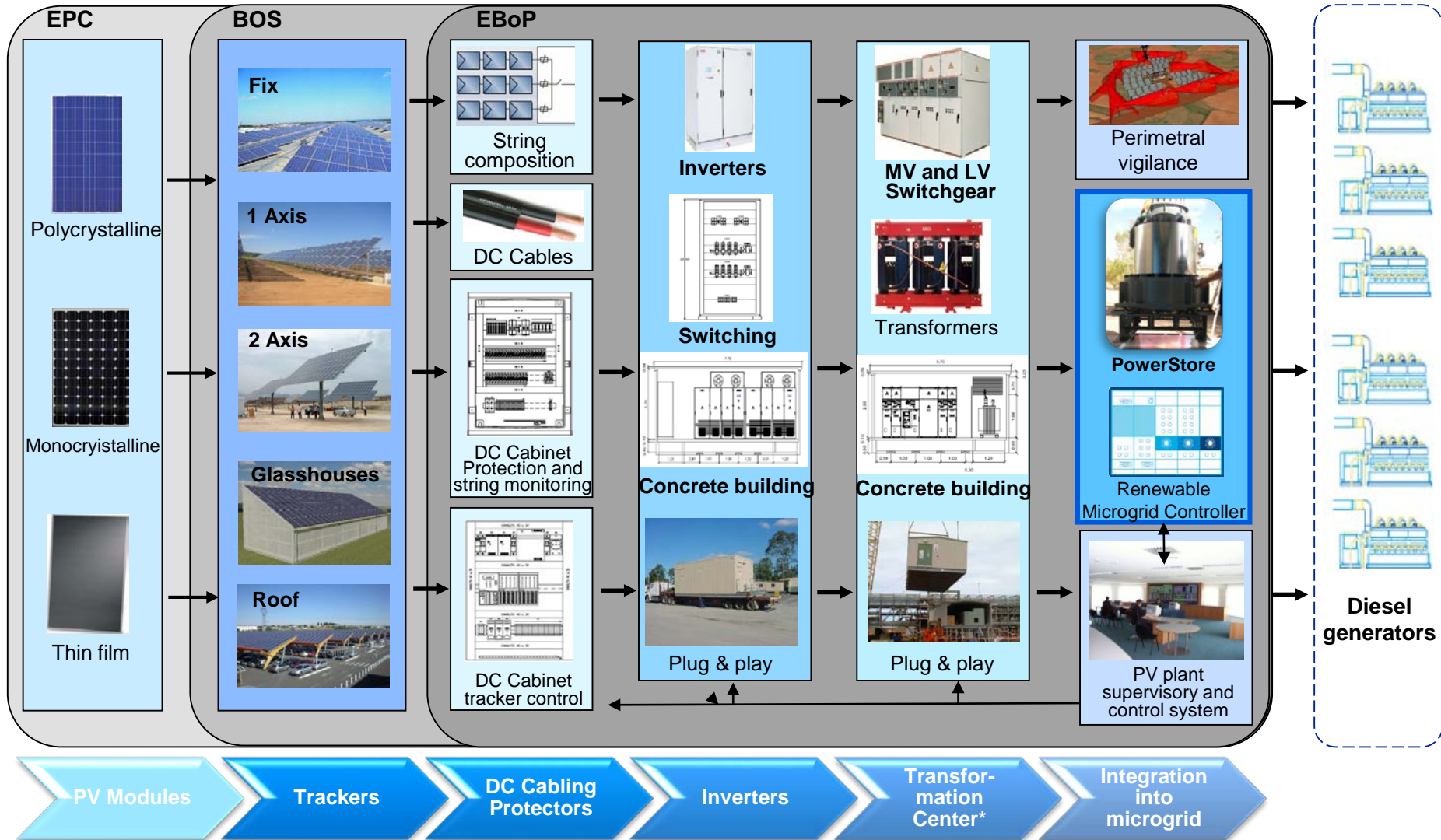


- Stabilizes frequency and voltage fluctuations
  - Heavy-duty application: dynamic power injection and absorption in milliseconds
- Maximizes fuel savings through highest possible renewable penetration
- Proven track record
  - 3,000 kW installed and 2,100 kW under commissioning

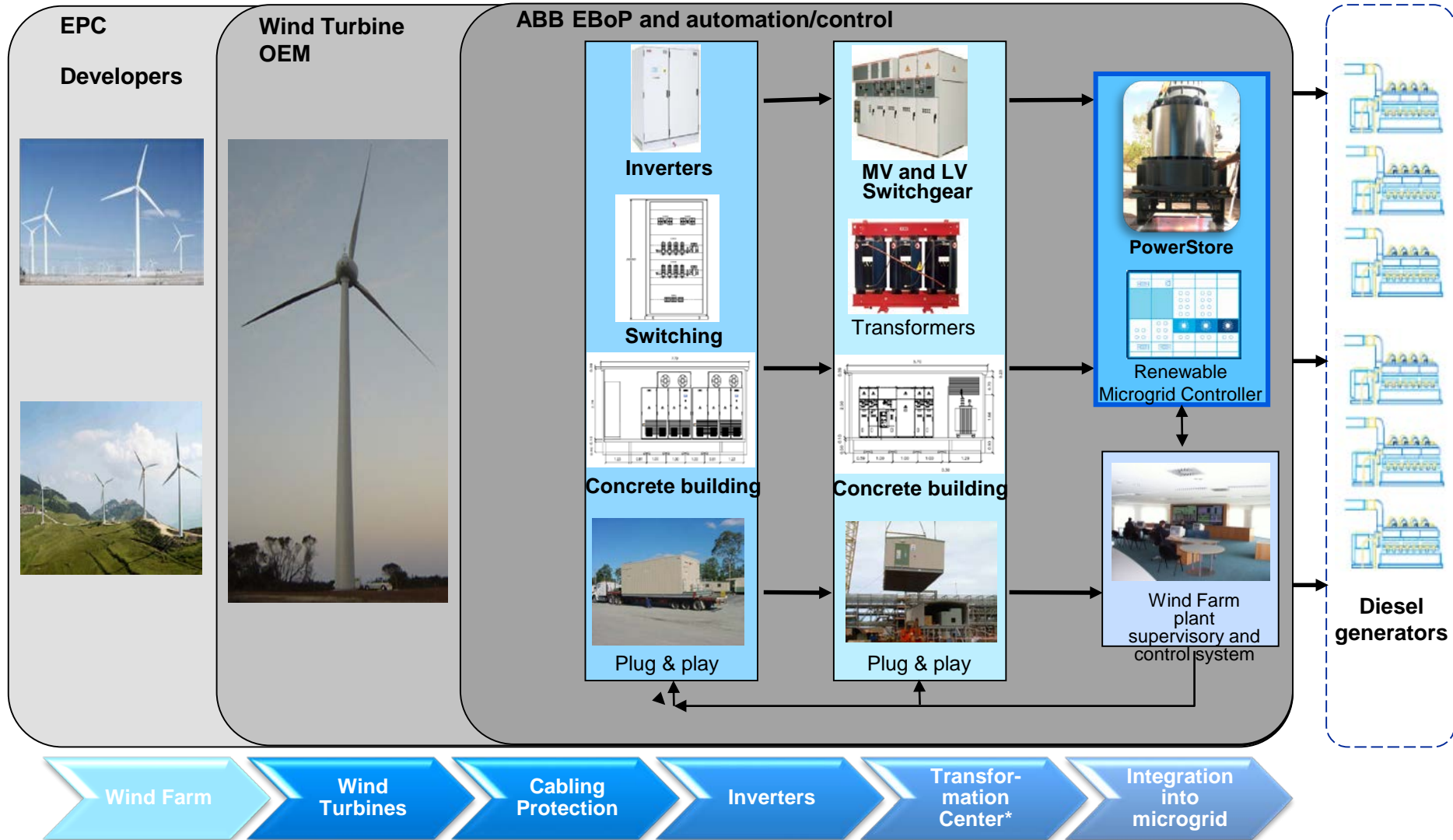




# ABB turnkey solar PV solutions

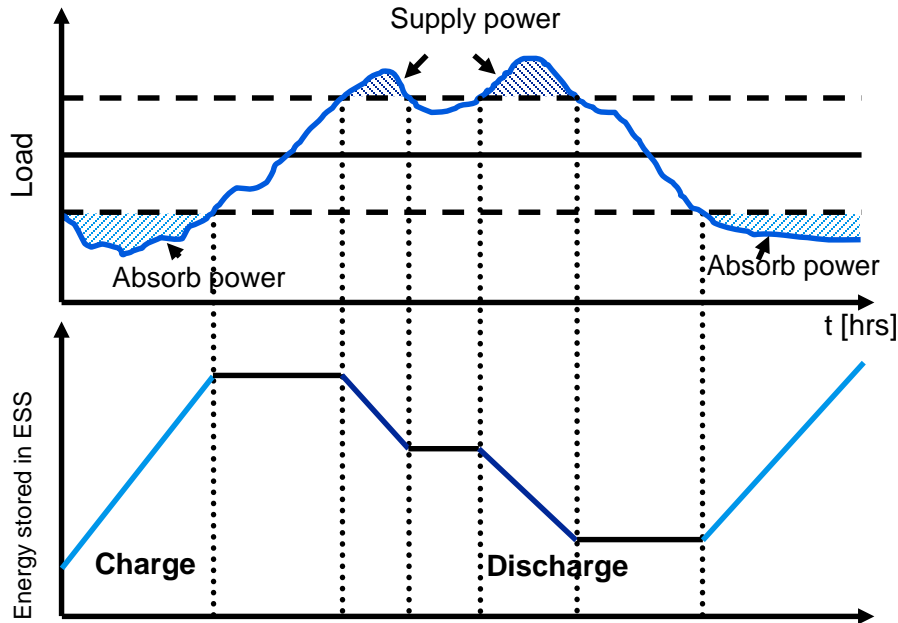


# ABB wind integration solutions



# ABB RE+ and battery energy storage

## An alternative solution when applicable



### Applications: peak demand shaving or load shifting

- Longer stored energy discharge timescale; minutes to hours
- Enable fossil fuel generators to run at stable outputs
- Maximize renewable energy load factor

### ABB's comprehensive battery energy storage solutions

- Based on proven power converter technology
- Turnkey and modular solutions suitable for all power levels (~25kW to 70 MW)
- Solutions designed and developed independently of battery technology

# ABB RE + and renewable energy generation Summary

- ABB RE+ solution enables
  - Secure power generation and fuel cost savings
  - Maximum benefits of high ROI and shortest payback time through high renewable energy penetration and grid stabilization
  - Reliable, uninterrupted and high quality power supply to all loads
- ABB renewable energy generation capabilities encompass
  - Turnkey solar PV farms
  - Wind farm integration

# References

# High penetration reference system

## Marble Bar, solar/diesel system, Australia



182,000 liters of fuel saved annually  
1,100 tonnes CO2 avoided annually  
60% of energy supplied from PV plant

### Customer

- Horizon Power
- Office of Energy, Government of Western Australia

### Key objectives

- Minimize diesel consumption
- Reliable and stable power supply

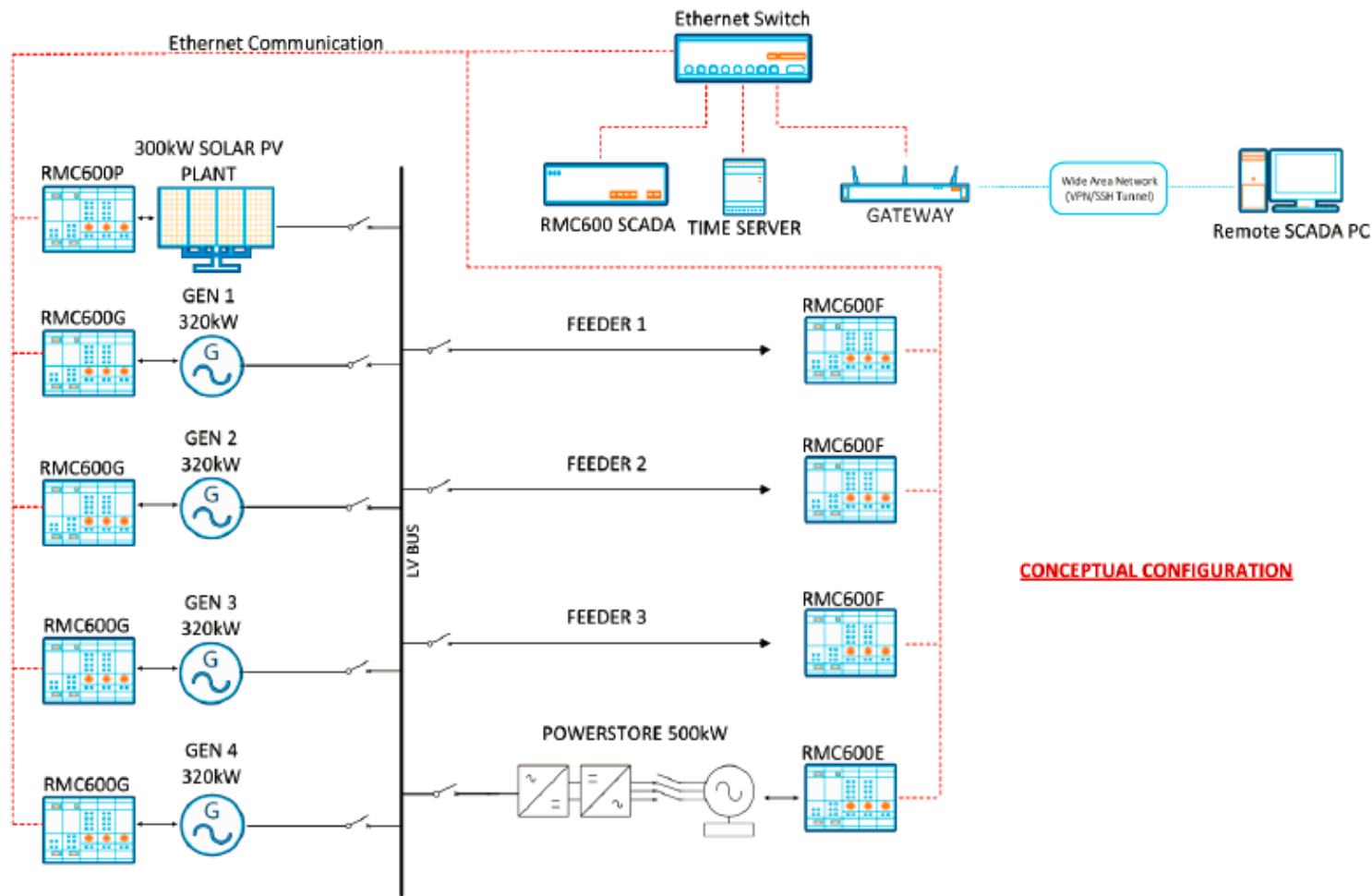
### ABB solution

- Implement a solar microgrid with PowerStore grid-stabilizing technology and microgrid automation

### The resulting system has

- Diesel (4 x 320kW)
- PV (1 x 300kW)
- PowerStore grid stabilizing system (1 x 500kW)



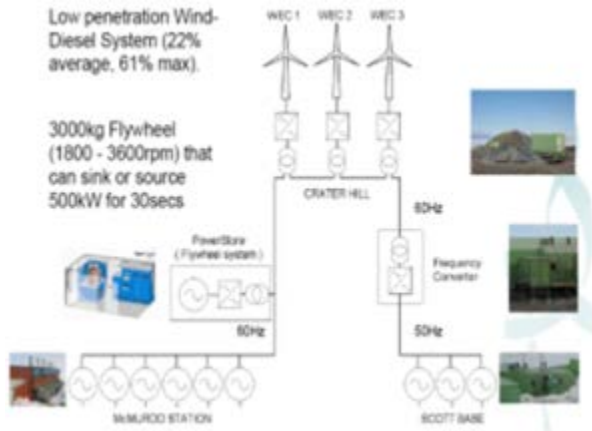


TITLE: MARBLE BAR CONTROL SYSTEM LAYOUT				CLIENT: Internal	FILE NAME: For Internal use	SHEET NO. 1/1
REV	DESCRIPTION	BY	DATE			
A	MB Layout	WJ	05.15.15	RL		



# High penetration reference system

## Ross Island, wind/diesel system, Antarctica



463,000 liters of diesel fuel saved annually  
2,800 tonnes CO2 avoided annually  
Up to 70% wind energy penetration

### Customer

- New Zealand's Scott Air Base (50 Hz system)
- America's McMurdo Station (60 Hz system)

### Key objectives

- Reduce diesel cost
- Reduce environmental risk of transporting diesel
- Reduce CO2 emissions
- Ensure a reliable, high quality supply

### ABB solution

- Implement a wind diesel microgrid with PowerStore grid-stabilization and microgrid automation

### The resulting system has:

- 9 x diesel generators
- Wind turbines (3 x 330kW)
- PowerStore grid stabilizing (1 x 500kW)
- Frequency converter to integrate both bases
- Renewable Microgrid control system



# Business cases

# High Penetration Business cases

## Marble Bar – Solar/Diesel

	Low Penetration	High Penetration
Solar PV Array	200kW	500kW
RE+	-	500kW PowerStore + RMC
Capex for PV	\$5/W	\$3.8/W
PV Capex	1 mio \$	1.9 mio \$
System Capex	1 mio \$	2.85 mio \$
Renewable Energy Generated	370 MWh p.a.	925 MWh p.a.
Excess Energy	37 MWh p.a.	147 MWh p.a.
Annual Renewable Energy Contribution	14%	32%
<b>Fuel Savings</b>	<b>75,000 liter p.a.</b>	<b>182,000 liter p.a.</b>

# High Penetration Business cases

## Faial Island – Wind/Diesel

	Medium Penetration	High Penetration
Wind Farm	5 x850 kW	7 x 850kW
RE+	RMC	RMC+ 2 x 1MW PowerStore
Capex for Wind Farm	\$6,692,110	\$9,368,954
System Capex	\$6,992,110	\$12,068,954
Renewable Energy Generated	15.11 GWh p.a.	21.15 GWh p.a.
Excess Energy	657 MWh p.a.	1,895 MWh p.a.
Annual Renewable Energy Contribution	24%	32%
<b>Fuel Savings</b>	<b>3,534,000 liter p.a.</b>	<b>4,750,000 liter p.a.</b>

# Summary

## Micro-Grid challenges

- Allow for sufficient planning time & budget to ensure the integration of renewables
  - Gives you the highest ROI
  - Does not negatively affect your power system
- Being able to control all plant in a system including all renewable generators to
  - Control generation to meet demand
  - Control excess energy and prevent over production and reverse power scenarios
  - Optimize the total system efficiency by maximizing the renewables
- Maintaining grid stability when running high penetration renewable systems by
  - Compensating the frequency and voltage fluctuations

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# Grid Stabilization for High Penetration Systems

## Storage vs. Stabilization

- Storage
  - Long term application
  - High energy content
  - Typical low duty cycle
- Stabilization
  - Fast charge/discharge
  - Low energy content
  - High duty cycle

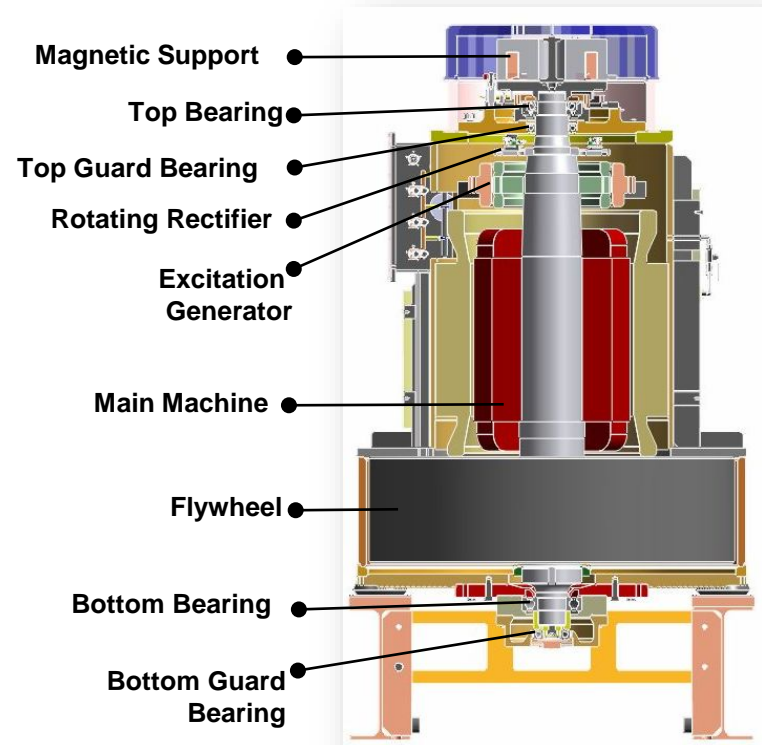
# ABB RE+

## Grid Stabilizing PowerStore™ Flywheel System

- The flywheel is a robust, mechanical device using simple technology such as a synchronous motor/generator
- It is failsafe, utilizing its own energy to supply the lifting magnets

### Flywheel Performance Data

- Net. energy content 18 MWs
- Max Input/output power 1650 kW
- Speed range 1800 to 3600 rpm
- Total weight 6000 kg
- Rotor weight 2900 kg
- Idling losses 10 kW
- Greasing frequency 5 years
- Bearing service life 8 years

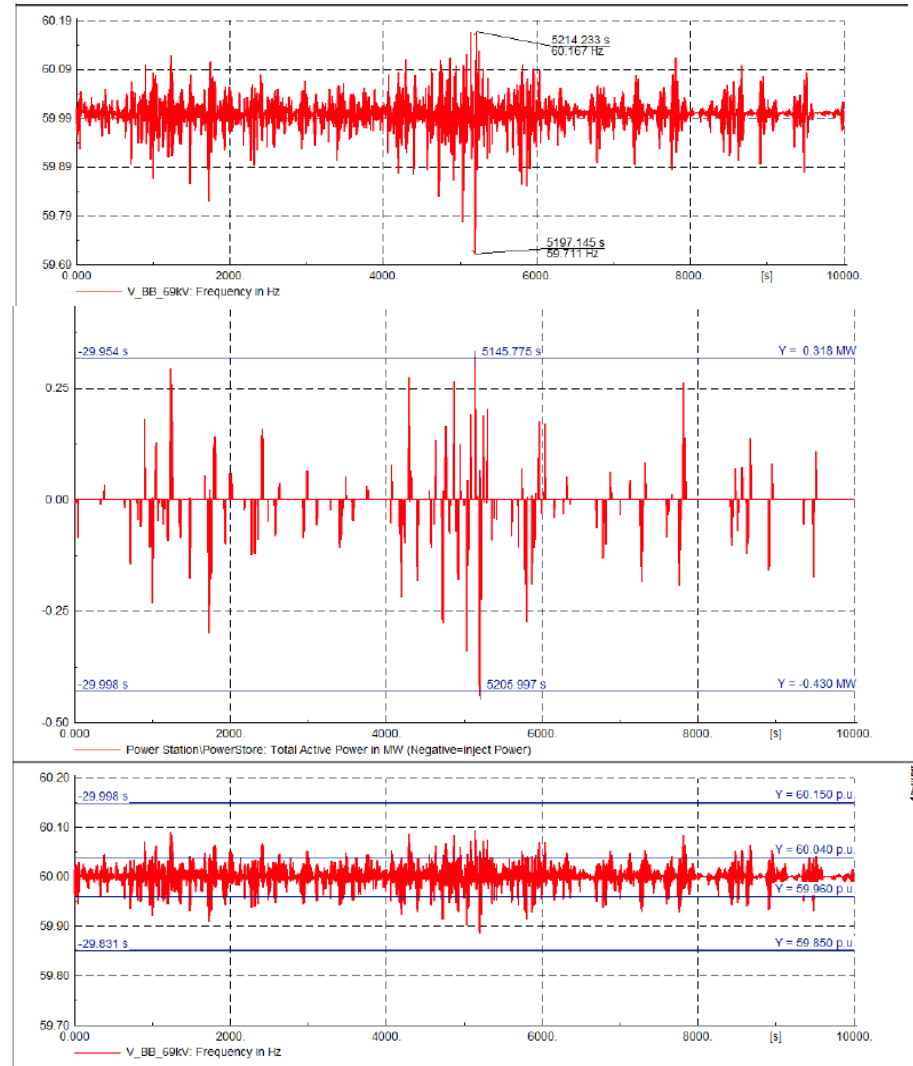


# ABB RE+ Solution

## Grid Stabilizing PowerStore Flywheel System

### Features

- Scalable & Modular
- High duty cycle
- Grid Stabilising
- Frequency Control
- Voltage Control
- Grid forming in 100% RE scenario
- Unbalance load supply
- Spinning reserve
- Active & reactive power supply
- Fault ride through



# Power electronic conversion

## ABB energy storage converter portfolio

### Typical grid connection levels

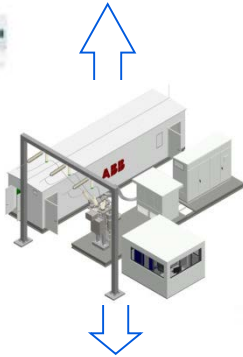
**LV range**  
~25kW – 300kW rating

**LV - MV range**  
~200kW – 30MW rating

**MV - HV range**  
~10MW – 70MW rating

**MV - HV range**  
≥30MW rating

### Optimized converters



Batteries, flywheels,  
super-capacitors

Pumped hydro

ES1

PCS 100

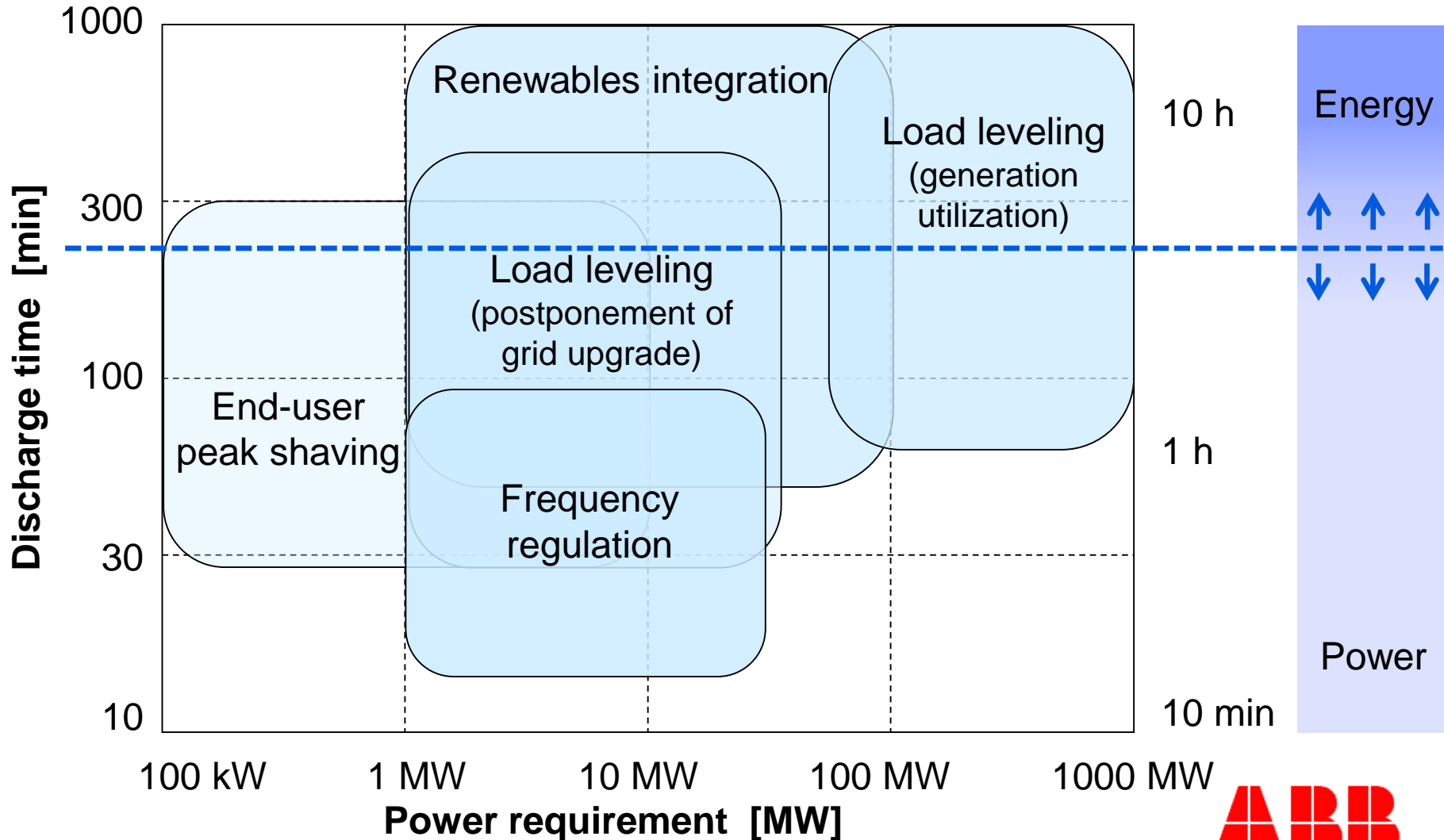
DynaPeaQ

PCS 8000



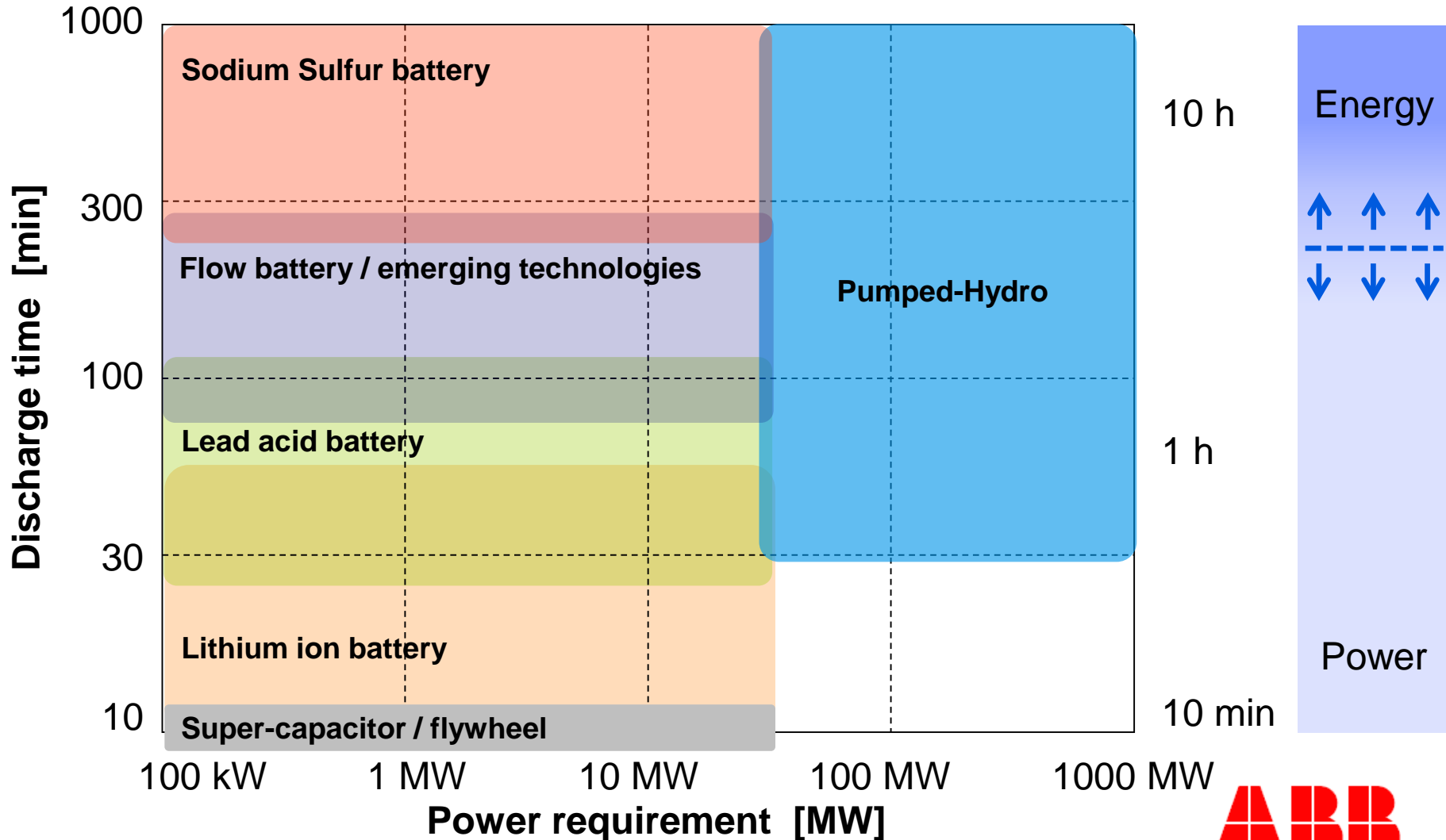
# ESS applications fall into 2 categories

## Segmentation between long and short discharge time



# Right technology for right application

## Segmentation on 'power' and 'energy' technologies

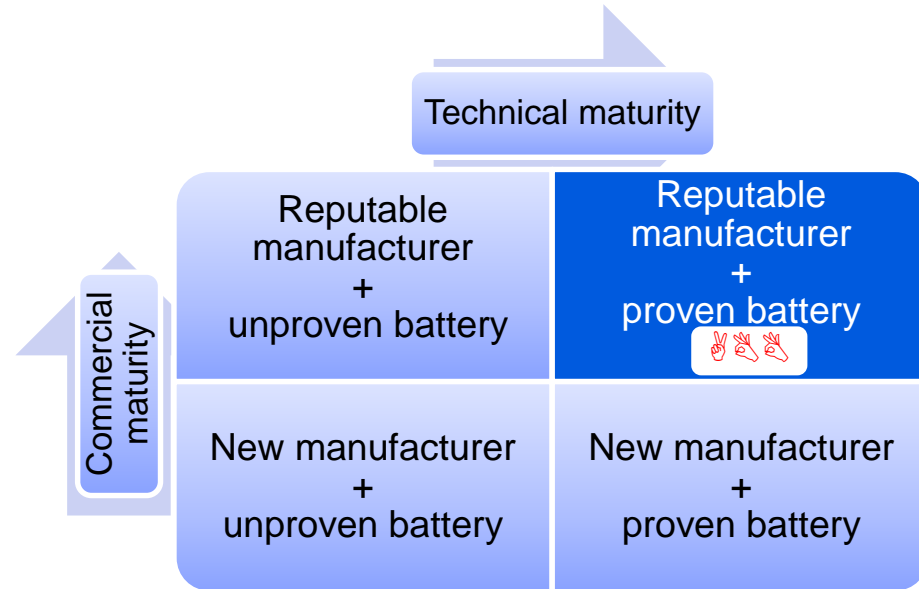


# How ABB selects the right battery manufacturer

## Evaluate both technical and commercial maturity

### Specific to batteries

- Right performance
- Right total cost
- Support with in-house testing
- ... as 'due diligence'
- ... to stay at the cutting edge of battery technology



### All ABB suppliers

- Supplier Code of Conduct
- Process Audit
- Supplier Qualification
- Supplier Risk Management

*An ABB  
battery module  
testing facility*

