How To Save Energy Using Renovation Policy Measures

The overall performance of current best practice renovation policies for residential buildings in **Sweden**

29th of April 2014 Presentation for the GBPN Webinar by Conny Pettersson Director of Swedisol



Overview

- Historical and political context relating to renovation.
- Key factors that were significant in driving change.
- How Sweden reduced their consumption: what mixtures of measures worked.
- Market conditions at the time of development of the renovation strategy.
- Sweden's renovation story.



Historical & Political Context

- Environmental policies since the 1960s.
- Cold climate forced to build well insulated buildings
- Hydro- and nuclear power production and district heating means low GHG emissions from buildings
- Overall national zero-net GHG emissions target for 2050.
- Sweden's 'Integrated Climate and Energy Policy' (ICEP) introduced the goal of increasing energy efficiency in buildings by 20% in 2020 and by 50% in 2050.



Mixture of Measures: Holistic Package

- Overall country reduction targets,
 - Government set a zero-net GHG emissions target (2050)
 - Integrated Climate and Energy Policy increase EE by 50% (2050)
- Energy requirements for both new buildings and renovations
 - Both have the same requirements has been noted and new requirements are to be presented in June (implemented Jan 2015)
- Labelling schemes (EPC)
 - Auditing of buildings energy performance
 - Strict performance requirements and implementation of EPCs
 - Large percentage of buildings have labels
- Audits are required to provide information on energy saving measures
- Training and education campaigns
- One-stop solution centres
 - Centre for Renovation / Bebo (Multi-famly house) / Belok (Commercial) / Besmå (single family)



Exemplary Deep Renovation Projects



BROGÅRDEN, ALINGSÅS

- The first, really big Million area renovated to almost passive house standard.
- A total of 16 buildings that will be completely renovated.
- The first three buildings are completed.



http://www.renzero.se/

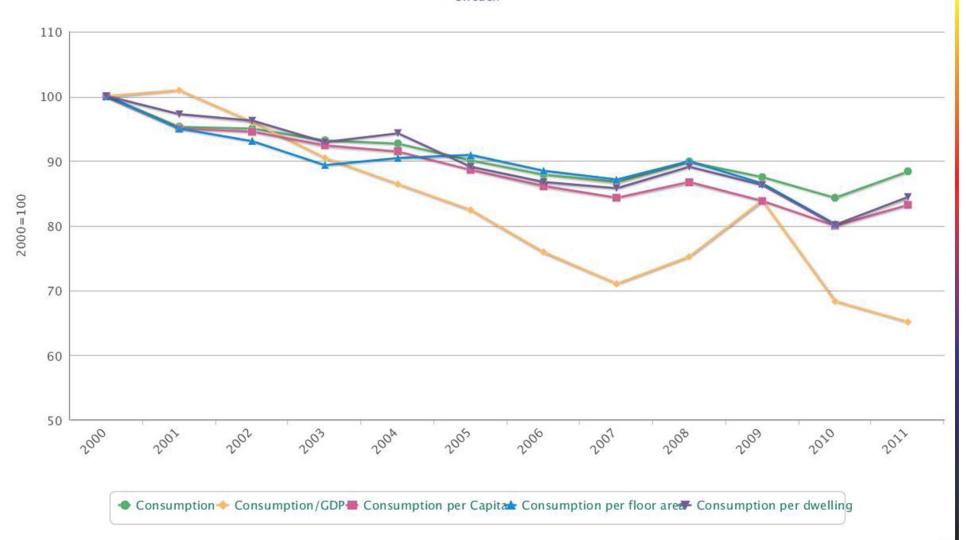
renZERO

- 1.5 million houses built before 1980- large proportion in need of renovation and energy efficiency.
- Three companies developing renZERO ™ concept, a cost effective renovation concepts for single-family houses built before 1980 to become nearly zero energy.
- Developed for Nordic weather conditions.



Change in Energy Consumption (Base year equals 100)

Sweden





Challenges for Sweden

- Most buildings built in the 60s-70s (Million Program) with poor energy performance
- 75% of existing buildings need to be renovated by 2050
 over 100,000 a year
- Today: between 20,000-30,000 renovated each year
- Incentives are needed
- To renovate and increase efficiency in Million Program
- To increase rate of renovation
- A new "Million Program" for renovation





Key Factors that must be considered

- Improvement of housing performance
- Better quality of life
- Correspondence to needs of elderly people
- Housing adjustment for disabled people
- Energy conservation & improving energy efficiency
- Reduction of GHG emission
- Generator of employment
- Economic revitalization
- Improvement of hygienic matter
- Health of nationals
- Disaster prevention, safety

Most factors target the society in Sweden



Market Conditions

Market Parties Efforts:

- •The Building industry has settled, in Sweden subsidies for new building and renovation have been cut significantly
- Tax reduction for renovations (ROT) has stimulated energy efficiency & renovation
- •Collaboration of market parties to deliver renovations "Low-Energy Buildings Programme (2010) Lågan (www.laganbygg)



Sweden's renovation story

- Plans overall targets
- Ambition of the business sector: want to go further use 2050 target to gather momentum
 - Building community can do better than current regulation
 - Especially with regards to energy issues and performance
- Awareness of energy efficiency of residents taught from a young age
- Best practice building data quality
 - all available online
 - Know where Sweden stands
- Whole society has high standards for building performance
- High degree of penetration of:
 - District heating
 - Heat pumps
 - Triple glazing
- Low rate of new construction relative importance of renovation increases
- Existing network in Bebo/Belok



Closing Remarks

- Cooperation between politics, government, and construction sector
- Financial solutions are needed
- We must go beyond best practice and towards "stateof-the-art" practices aiming for a shift to deep renovations of the building stock.
- More information to the whole public.

