# RENEWABLES 2013 GLOBAL STATUS REPORT





# REN21's Renewables Global Status Report – Focus on Africa

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2013

#### **AFRICA: Presentation Overview**



- Markets & Industries
- Renewable Energy Investment
- Policy Landscape
- Rural Renewables in Africa
- Conclusions: Key Challenges and Drivers

#### **AFRICA: Markets & Industries**



- Traditional markets still dominant
- Strong growth amongst BRICS
- Africa starting to show presence, especially in the CSP market

| T( | TAL | CAPACITY AS                         | OF END-2012                             | 2  |               |                     |               |   |
|----|-----|-------------------------------------|---|--|---------------|---------------------|---------------|---|
|    |     | Renewable<br>power (incl.<br>hydro) | Renewable<br>power (not<br>incl. hydro) | Renewable<br>power per<br>capita (not<br>incl. hydro) <sup>2</sup> | Bio-power     | Geothermal<br>power | Hydropower    | Concentrating<br>solar thermal<br>power (CSP) |
|    | 1   | China                               | China                                   | Germany  | United States | United States       | China         | Spain   |
|    | 2   | United States                       | United States                           | Sweden   | Brazil        | Philippines         | Brazil        | United States                                 |
|    | 3   | Brazil                              | Germany                                 | Spain  | China         | Indonesia           | United States | Algeria                                       |
|    | 4   | Canada                              | Spain                                   | Italy  | Germany       | Mexico              | Canada        | Egypt/Morocco                                 |
|    | 5   | Germany                             | Italy                                   | Canada   | Sweden        | Italy               | Russia        | Australia                                     |

#### **AFRICA: Markets & Industries: BIOENERGY**



#### **Traditional Biomass**

- 68% African populace -> traditional biomass for heating and cooking.
- 76% in Sub-Saharan Africa (>650 million people)
- These shares significantly lower in Asia and Latin America.

#### **Bio-power**

- Bagasse CHP: several countries (Mauritius, Tanzania, Uganda, Zimbabwe...)
- Planned development in several other African countries, incl. Kenya.

#### **Biofuels**

- Very limited, markets slowly **expanding**.
- **Ethanol** production: from 270 million litres (2011) to ~300 million litres (2012).

#### **AFRICA: Markets & Industries: CSP**



## TABLE R6. CONCENTRATING SOLAR THERMAL POWER (CSP) GLOBAL CAPACITY AND ADDITIONS, 2012

| Total End-2011 | Added 2012                                  | Total End-2012   |
|----------------|---|--|
|                | (MW)  |  |
| 999            | 951   | 1,950  |
| 507            | 0   | 507  |
| 25             | 0   | 25   |
| 20             | 0   | 20   |
| 20             | 0   | 20   |
| 3              | 9   | 12   |
| 0              | 10  | 10   |
| 5              | 0   | 5  |
| 1,580          | 970   | 2,550  |
|                | 999<br>507<br>25<br>20<br>20<br>3<br>0<br>5 | (MW)  999 951  507 0  25 0  20 0  20 0  3 9  0 10  5 0 |

- South Africa one of the most active markets in 2012:
   200MW under construction:
  - 50 MW power tower
  - 100 MW trough plant
  - 50 MW trough plant
- Namibia announced plans for a CSP plant by 2015.
- Ambitious MENA targets for >1GW of new CSP capacity.



#### **AFRICA: Markets & Industries: SOLAR PV**

- More than 100 MW of capacity operating in Africa.
- Large grid-connected plants under construction in South Africa, up to 50 MW in size.
- Chinese companies building solar PV plants in at least
   20 African countries.
- **CPV** is also spreading to new markets in North Africa.

# AFRICA: Markets & Industries: SOLAR THERMAL HEATING & COOLING



- Used in several African countries, notably: Egypt,
   Mozambique, Tunisia, Zimbabwe, South Africa
- Tunisia's PROSOL programme increased annual installations more than 13-fold over five years, to more than 64 MWth
- South Africa the most developed African market:
  - Rise in installers in South Africa
  - Challenges to domestic manufacturers

#### **AFRICA: Markets & Industries: GEOTHERMAL**



#### Kenya:

- Largest African producer of geothermal power, total installed capacity
   <200 MW by end 2012.</li>
  - 2.5 MW Eburru wellhead plant commissioned early 2012
  - 5 MW modular wellhead unit came on line at a KenGen facility.
  - By May 2013, Ormat Technologies announced commercial operation of a new 36 MW unit at the Olkaria III complex.
- Public-private partnerships under development: aim to add 560 MW at Olkaria in 140 MW increments.





#### **Geothermal, elsewhere in Africa:**

- Rwanda funding exploratory drilling: estimated 700 MW of geothermal potential.
- World Bank's Global Geothermal Development Plan aims to manage risk of exploratory drilling for developing countries.
- World Bank/Iceland: "Geothermal Compact" supporting exploration and providing technical assistance in the Great Rift Valley.
- African Union Commission, German Ministry for Economic Cooperation and Development (BMZ), EU-Africa Infrastructure Trust Fund:
  - USD 66 million (EUR 50 million) Geothermal Risk Mitigation Facility for Eastern Africa: support surface studies and exploration drilling.





- Smaller plants under construction in several countries.
- Grand Renaissance Dam in Ethiopia:
  - First phase commissioning in 2013.
  - Will be largest hydropower facility on the continent: 6000 MW
- Several transmission projects underway to export this power to other countries on the horn of Africa.
- Ethiopia-Kenya Electricity Highway approved: 2,000 MW link -> electricity exports to supply-constrained East Africa.

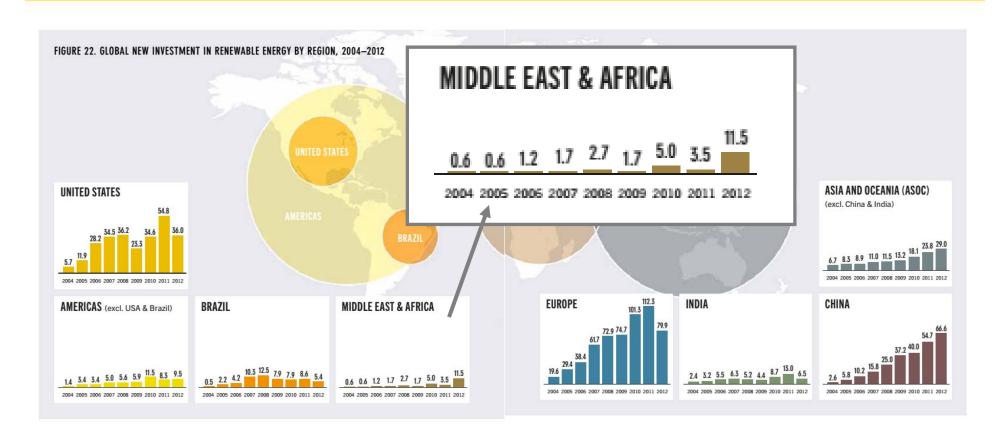




- North Africa currently the dominant region.
- Significant recent installations:
  - Tunisia almost doubled its capacity, adding 50 MW.
  - Ethiopia joined the list of countries with commercial-scale wind farms, installing 52 MW.
  - Construction started on several South African projects totalling more than 0.5 GW.

## **AFRICA: Renewable Energy Investment**





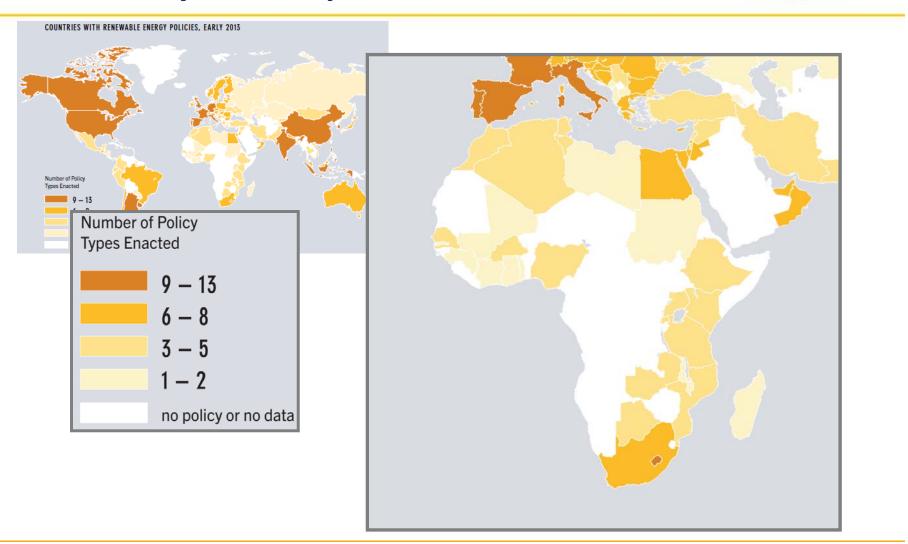




- Increased African investment: declines in many other regions.
- South Africa the 8<sup>th</sup> highest investor globally in 2012 in terms of allocated finance.
- South Africa -> USD 5.7 billion; Morocco USD 1.8 billion; Kenya USD 1.1 billion.
- Smaller, new development banks:
  - Development Bank of Southern Africa: USD 1 billion (earmarked)
  - African Development Bank (USD 800 million in Morocco)

## **AFRICA: Policy Landscape**





### **AFRICA: Policy Landscape**



- The 15 **ECOWAS** countries adopted a regional renewable energy policy, including:
  - 10% electricity from renewables by 2020, 19% by 2030.
- Ambitious new wind and solar targets in the MENA region:
  - Egypt: **2,800 MW** of CSP, **700 MW** solar PV by 2027.
  - Libya: 3% renewables by 2015, 7% by 2020, 10% by 2025.
  - Djibouti: 100% renewables by 2020 (zero as of 2009).
- Lesotho 260 MW of renewable power by 2030.

#### **AFRICA: Rural Renewables**



#### TABLE R18. POPULATION RELYING ON TRADITIONAL BIOMASS FOR COOKING

| Regions and Selected Countries   | Popul   | Population |  |
|----------------------------------|---------|------------|--|
|                                  | Percent | Millions   |  |
| Africa                           | 68%     | 698        |  |
| Nigeria                          | 74%     | 117        |  |
| Ethiopia                         | 96%     | 82         |  |
| Democratic Republic of the Congo | 93%     | 63         |  |
| Tanzania                         | 94%     | 42         |  |
| Kenya                            | 80%     | 33         |  |
| Other Sub-Saharan Africa         | 75%     | 328        |  |
| North Africa                     | 1%      | 2          |  |
| Developing Asia <sup>1</sup>     | 51%     | 1,814      |  |
| India                            | 66%     | 772        |  |
| Bangladesh                       | 91%     | 149        |  |
| Indonesia                        | 55%     | 128        |  |
| Pakistan                         | 64%     | 111        |  |
| Philippines                      | 50%     | 47         |  |
| Vietnam                          | 56%     | 49         |  |
| Rest of Developing Asia          | 54%     | 171        |  |
| Latin America                    | 14%     | 65         |  |
| Middle East                      | 5%      | 10         |  |
|                                  |         |            |  |
| All Developing Countries         | 49%     | 2,588      |  |
| World <sup>2</sup>               | 38%     | 2,588      |  |

- 68% lacking modern energy in Africa, higher in sub-Saharan Africa.
- ECOWAS to electrify up to 78 million households by 2030, largely through minigrids (renewables, diesel, battery hybrid systems).
- Top-down approaches (as adopted by rural electrification agencies in sub-Saharan Africa in the late 1990s) making way for enabling policy frameworks developed through bottom-up (endogenous) processes.

#### **CONCLUSION: KEY CHALLENGES & DRIVERS**



#### **Challenges:**

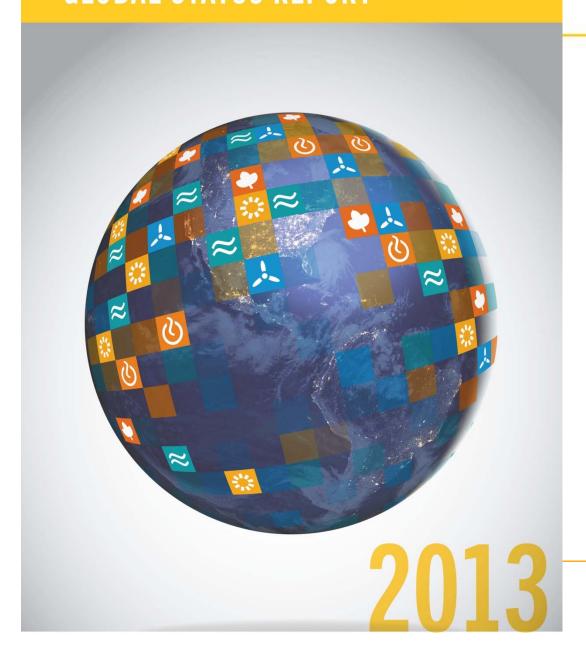
- Large investment gap: large quantities of power required, capital investments lagging far behind energy demand.
- Urgent short-term socio
   economic challenges can
   dominate national and regional
   budgets.
- Negative international perceptions: Companies active in Africa strongly positive, those with no presence overwhelmingly negative.

#### **Drivers:**

- World class resources:
   Especially solar, geothermal,
   wind, hydro...
- **Unprecedented** and robust economic **growth**.
- More stable government and robust policy making, especially in the industrial and energy sectors.
- **Surging** energy demand.

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# Thank you

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