

French RDI ecosystem & strategy

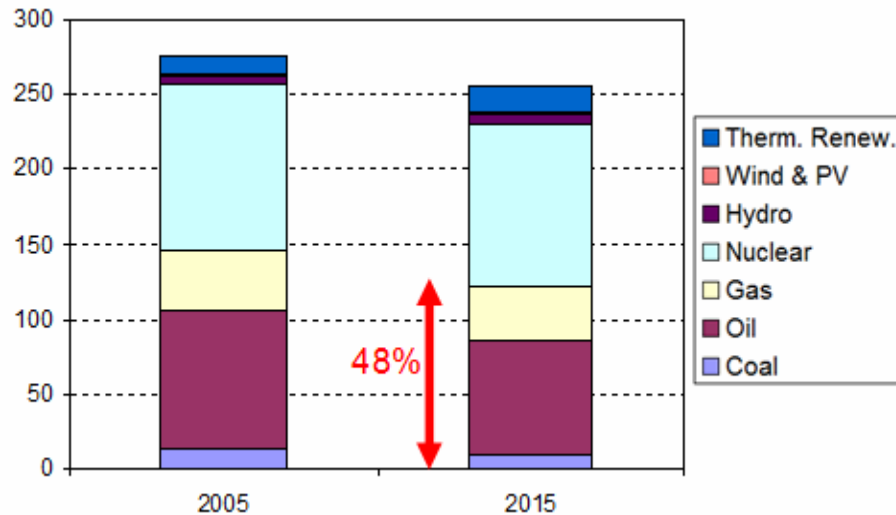
Mission Innovation - Webinar

October 20th 2016

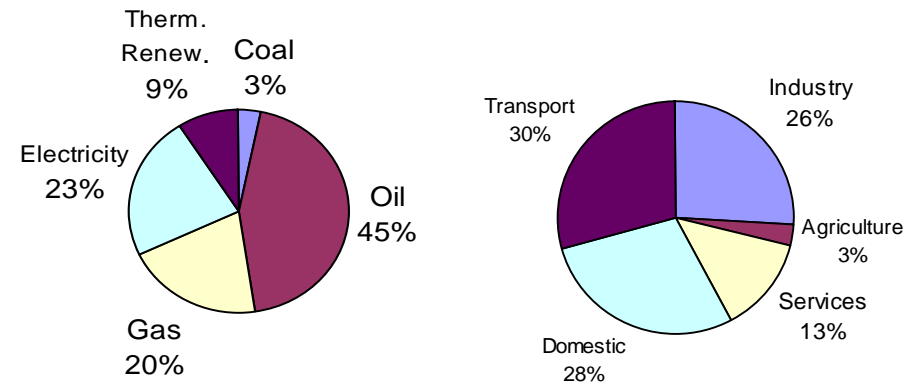


Context: key energy and climate figures about France

**Gross inland consumption
 (2015): 257 Mtoe**



**Total final energy consumption
 (2015): 162 Mtoe**



- Final energy intensity (2014): 73 toe/M€ GDP or 2.4 toe/capita
 - EU average : 83 or 2.3
- Energy import dependancy (net imports/gross consumption, 2015) : 45%
 - EU average (2013) : 53%
- Energy related CO₂ emissions (2014): 324 Mt or 151 t/M€ GDP or 4.9 t/capita
 - EU average : 245 or 6.7

Energy transition for green growth act (2015) : clear and ambitious goals



40% less greenhouse gas emissions in 2030 compared to 1990



30% less fossil fuel consumption in 2030 compared to 2012



Increase the share of renewable energy sources to **32%** of the final energy consumption in 2030 and **40%** of the electricity production



Reduce final energy consumption by **50%** in 2050 compared to 2012



- **50%** less waste in landfill by 2025



Diversify electricity production and reduce the share of nuclear power to **50%** by 2025

Carbone price : a target of 56 € in 2020 and 100 € in 2030 for a ton of carbon

- For the carbon component of the domestic tax on consumption of energy products
- In order to focus investments on long term horizons and to channel behaviours into low carbon economy
- Will be compensated by a taxation reduction for products and services contributing to the energy transition

The national energy research strategy

- **Energy transition for green growth act (article 183): need for a national energy research strategy (SNRE)**
 - ✓ Takes into account the national low carbon strategy (2015) and the energy multiannual plan (end 2016)
 - ✓ Precise the national research strategy (2015) in the field of energy
 - ⇒ *Work in progress with stakeholders, to be finalized by the end of 2016*

- **The national research strategy (SNR)**
 - ✓ Must be taken into account in the contracts with research organizations, and in the annual programming of funding agencies
 - ✓ Built around 10 great societal challenges setting priorities, in particular:
 - Secure, clean and efficient energy
 - Sustainable resources and adaptation to climate change
 - Mobility and sustainable urban systems

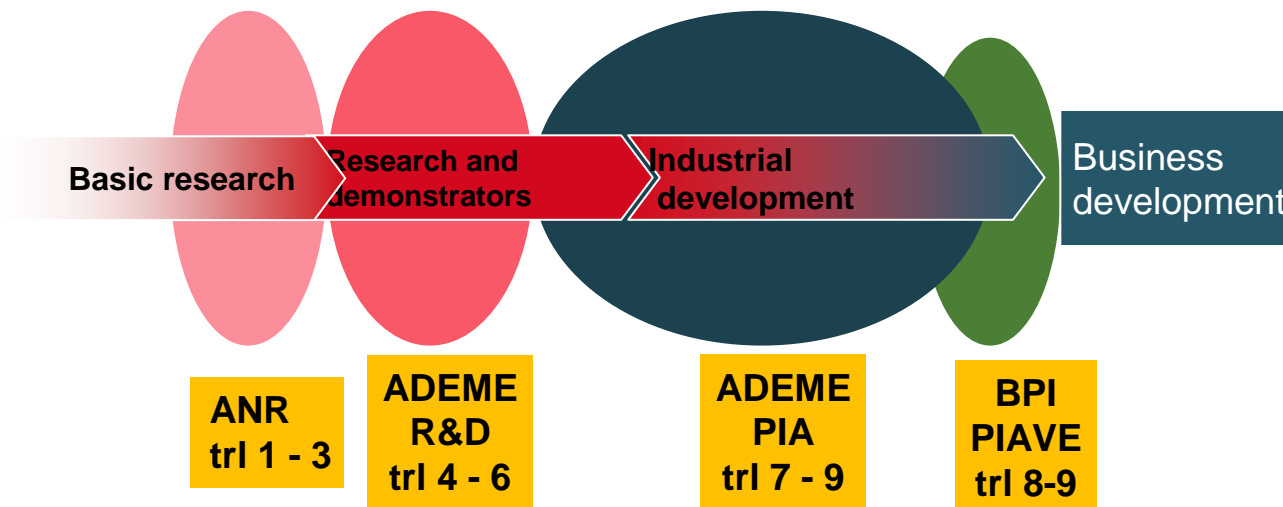
The national energy research strategy

- **The secure, clean and efficient energy challenge of the national research strategy**
 - Dynamic management of energy systems
 - Multi-scale governance of new energy systems
 - Energy efficiency
 - Reduced need for strategic materials
 - Decarbonisation of energy and chemistry sectors

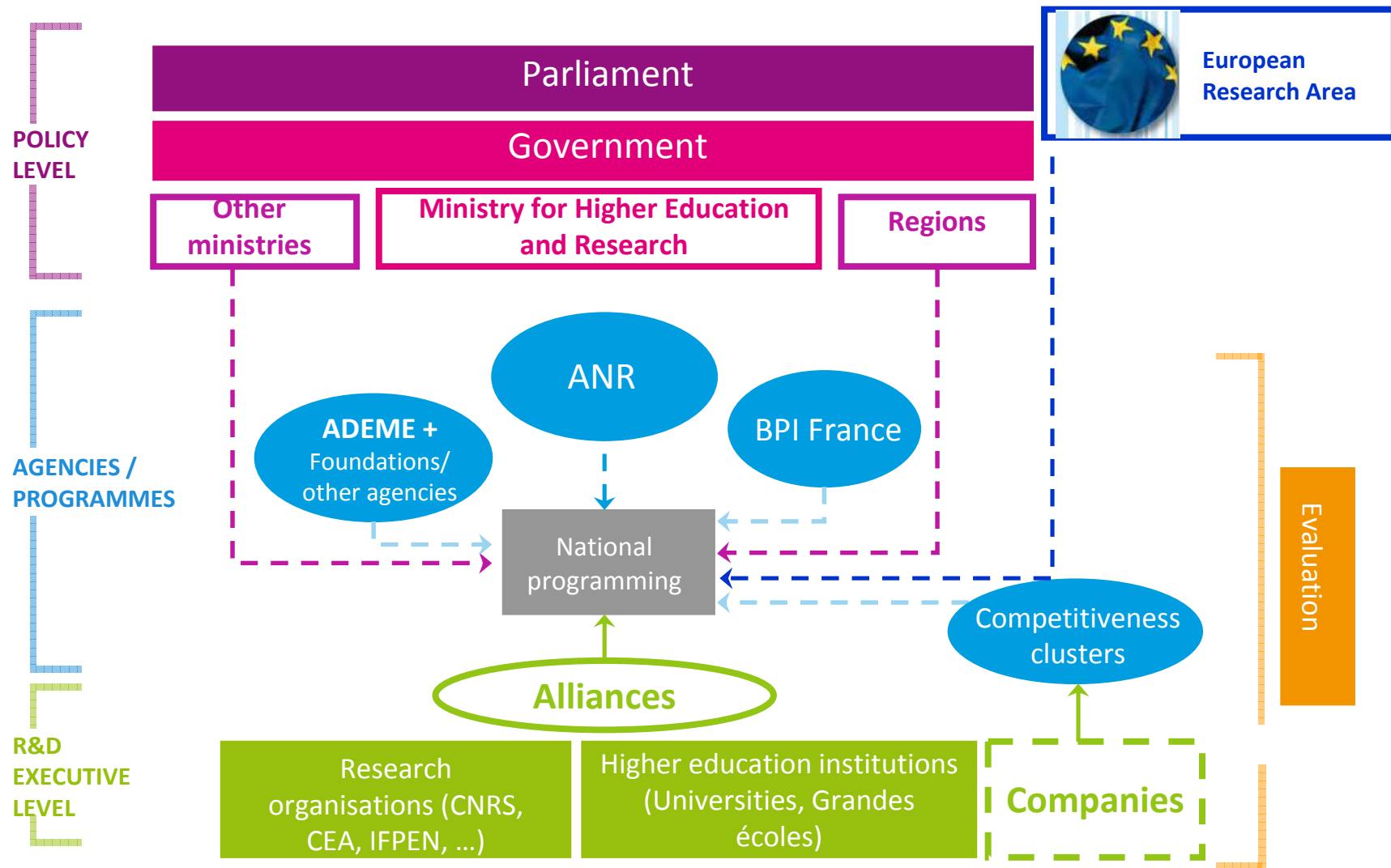
- **Some orientations for national energy research strategy (draft)**
 - *Adopt a systemic approach and focus on transversal issues related to energy (impact on environment, social and economic issues, digital revolution)*
 - *Consolidate a basic energy research community*
 - *Foster public-private collaboration, through industrial research and demonstration*
 - *Articulate the RDI policies at different geographic levels (local, national, European and international)*

Public support for RDI on low carbon technologies

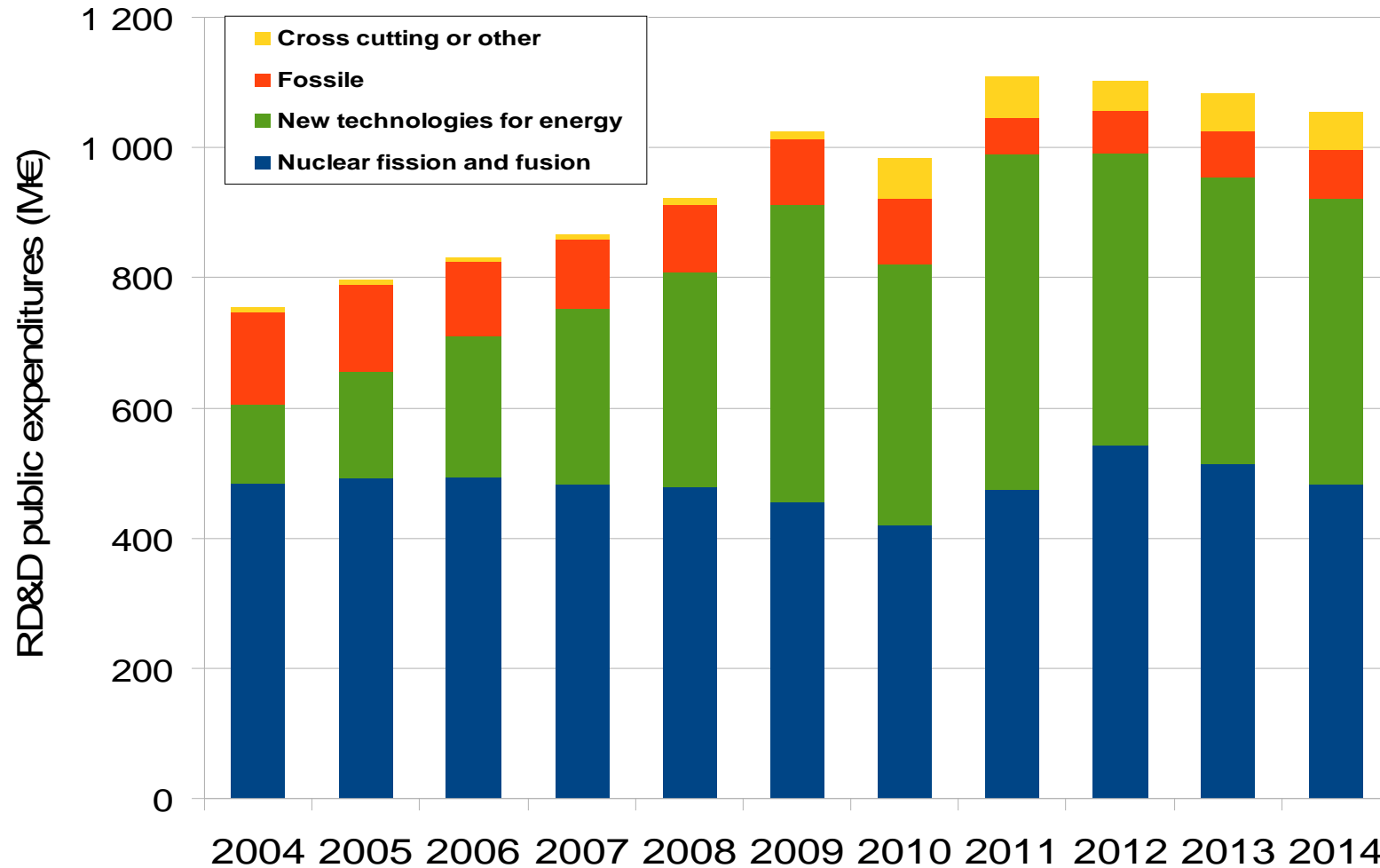
- **Public research organisms support basic or industrial research conducted by their researchers**
 - ✓ CNRS, CEA, IFPEN, ...
- **Public funding agencies driving RDI programs on energy technologies through call for projects:**
 - ✓ ANR (research generalist)
 - ✓ ADEME (energy & environment),
 - ✓ BPI (generalist innovation)



France general RDI system



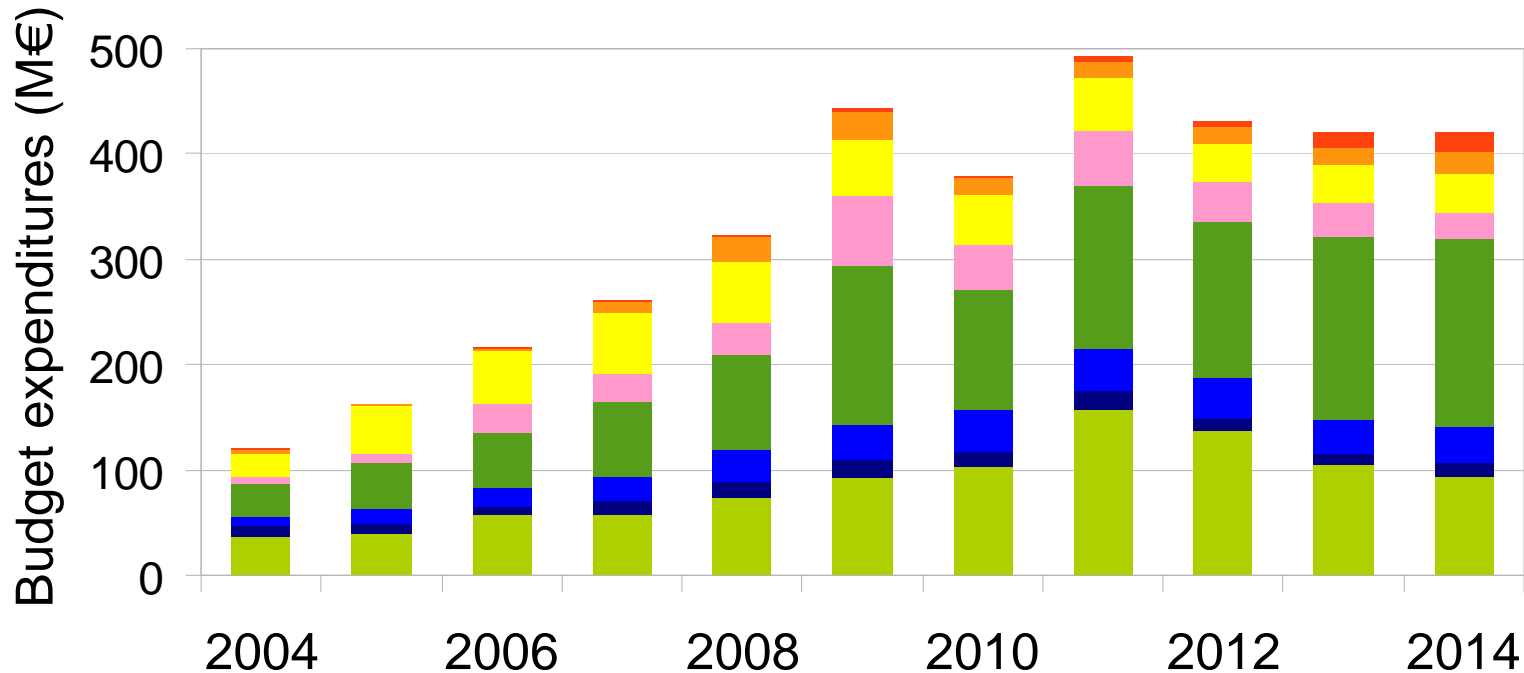
Energy public R&D budget



A rise (source: IEA reporting) in the last 10 years, especially on « new technologies for energy » = RE + energy efficiency + grids and storage

Energy public R&D budget

Public R&D budget for energy new technologies



- Energy efficiency in Transport
- Energy efficiency in Residential and commercial
- Capture, storage & use of CO2
- Energy storage
- Energy efficiency in Industry
- Renewable energy sources
- Hydrogen and fuel cells
- Electricity transmission and distribution

A rise (source: IEA reporting) in the last 10 years on « new technologies for energy » = RE + energy efficiency + grids and storage

France's commitment to Mission innovation

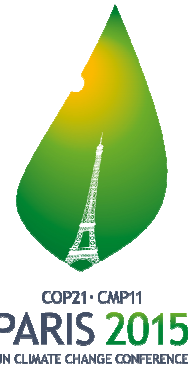


COP21 · CMP11
PARIS 2015
UN CLIMATE CHANGE CONFERENCE

- France will focus on :
 - ✓ renewable energy, energy storage and smart grids
 - ✓ energy efficiency (industry, buildings, transports, circular economy)
 - ✓ carbon capture storage and use
- Over the 2012-2014 period, average state-directed public investments in these areas of **440 M€ per year = France's baseline**



France's commitment to Mission innovation



- Doubling effort mainly through the “**Programme d’Investissements d’Avenir**” (PIA) and will cover the whole chain of innovation, from basic research to demonstration.
- NB: besides, France also contributes significantly (around 16%) to the **European programme Horizon 2020** on clean energy, that amounts to 9.8 billion euros for the 2014-2020 period.



The “Programme d’Investissements d’Avenir” (PIA)

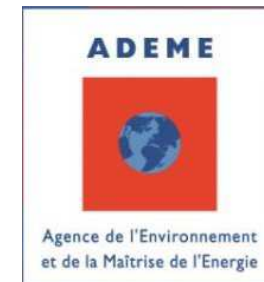
- **Supporting the whole chain of innovation**
 - To share risks with companies and research organisms developing innovative solutions and access (new) markets
 - From basic research to industrial demonstrators

- **An important financial effort for low carbon innovation**
 - Around 5 bn€ on clean energy from 2010 to 2017 (« PIA 1 & 2 »)
 - in the form of subsidies, refundable grants, equity and loans
 - out of a total amount of 47 bn€ (education, digital, health, ...)

 - « PIA 3 » in preparation (budget law for 2017) : a total of 10 bn€ with a significant part on the energy transition

- **Main actions related to clean energy:**
 - Institutes of the energy transition
operated by Agence Nationale de la Recherche
 - Demonstrators of ecology & energy transition
operated by Ademe
 - Vehicles & transports of the future
operated by Ademe
 - Industrial project of the future
operated by BPI France

ANR



bpi**france**

- **An ambitious model : creation of public-private structures for R&D and innovation in the field of clean energy**
 - ✓ Private companies and public laboratories working together in a common structure with dedicated assets and staff
 - ✓ Activities ranging from basic research to industrial development and launch of new products on the market
 - ✓ Actions of RDI but also training (initial or continuous) to disseminate knowledge

- **Initial budget of 1 bn€**
 - ✓ including both capital and subsidies

- **10 ITE active on various topics of the energy transition**
 - SUPERGRID is focused on future electric transmission grids,
 - VEDECOM is specialized on sustainable mobility and connected vehicles,
 - INES2 and IPVF are dedicated to solar energy,
 - PIVERT and IFMAS are focused on bio energy,
 - EFFICACITY on urban systems,
 - etc.

Thank you for your attention

■ Useful links:

➤ SNR/SNRE:

- <http://www.developpement-durable.gouv.fr/-Recherche-et-demonstration-.html>
- <http://www.enseignementsup-recherche.gouv.fr/pid24538/strategie-nationale-de-recherche-s.n.r.html>

➤ PIA:

- <http://www.gouvernement.fr/investissements-d-avenir-cgi>
- <http://www.ademe.fr/entreprises-monde-agricole/innover-developper/programme-investissements-avenir-pia>
- <http://www.bpifrance.fr/Actualites/Appels-a-projet-concours/Appel-a-projets-PIAVE-9657>

➤ ITE:

- <http://www.supergrid-institute.com/en/home>
- <http://vedecom.fr/en/>
- <http://www.ines-solaire.org/>
- <http://www.ipvf.fr/en/>
- <http://www.institut-pivert.com/?lang=en>
- <http://www.ifmas.eu/>
- <http://www.efficacity.com/en/>