









G20 Energy Efficiency Finance Task Group (EEFTG) (Work & Achievements)

Comprised of 15 countries and co-chaired by France & Mexico





140 specific ideas, instruments, approaches, mechanisms, instruments and practices shared by 72 experts



Beijing G20 Energy Ministerial Communique calls for "upscaling energy efficiency investment"

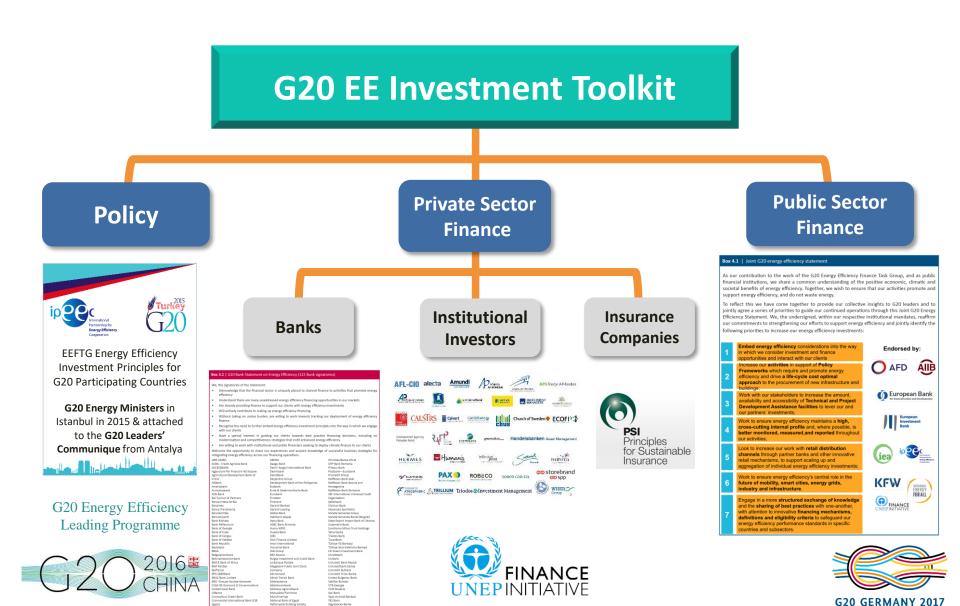




Launched campaign to engaging with 122 banks & asset managers managing \$4+ trillion of funds

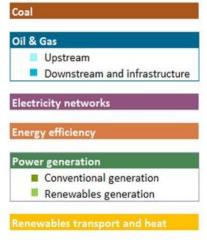


Moving Together: A G20 Toolkit to Scale-up Energy Efficiency Investments...

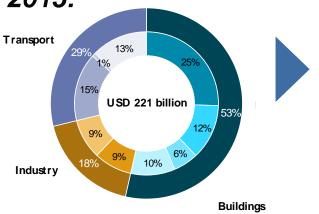


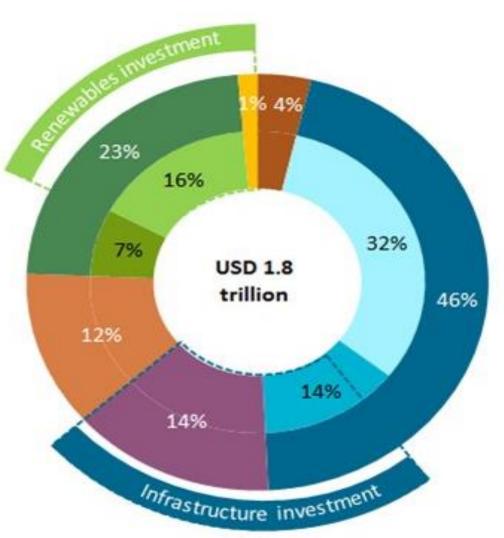
EE Investments of \$221mm match "Networks" or "Downstream Infrastructure" in global size...

Global Energy Investment 2015:



EE Investments by Sector 2015:





Map & Measure: EE Integrated and "Core" Investments

Market

USD trillions

USD 221bn

Integrated

ESCOs (USD 24 bn); "Self-financed"

Core

Policy

Private Sector

'ublic Sector

2000+ policies

Energy subsidies; Inefficient markets; Supply-led planning.

Energy Transition; National Renovation Strategies: Vehicle Fleet Standards: Transparent **Energy Planning.**

"EE First"; Mandatory targets/ standards: **NZEBs**; EE Obligation schemes: National EE Action Plans.

Mainstreaming

Enabling

Banks



\$110tr

Finance undertaken without explicit consideration of energy "externalities" or cost effective energy improvements.

Green tagging; Green buildings lending; green lending; climate lending; Equator principles.

EE mortgages; **Building renovation** loan; EE credits/loans; EE tagging.

Investors



\$70tr

Finance undertaken without explicit consideration of energy "externalities" or cost effective energy improvements.

Green tagging and company disclosure: Collaborative shareholder activism; Green funds; Sustainable real estate funds.

EE funds; Energy Productivity Indexes; Own real estate EE renovation; EE tagging.

Insurers



\$31tr

Product and services without explicit consideration of energy "externalities".

Green buildings insurance: Climate mitigation insurance and investments: Addon coverage: Technical assistance, advisory services.

Energy saving insurance; energy performance guarantee; EE advisory services.

Public finance

\$176 + bn

Finance undertaken without explicit consideration of energy "externalities" or cost effective energy improvements.

Resource Efficiency: Safeguards: **ESG & Climate Commitments:**

\$33 bn

Direct EE Lending; EE Policy lending: EE targets: Technical assistance.

\$7 bn

Policy Case Study: How G20 Policymakers can address "EE Premium" and "Take it to Zero" (or negative)...

Example:

Consumer or business

To invest in:

Energy Efficient Equipment

The base plus this

"Premium" equals the
full technology cost, or the

"Total Spend" in

Efficiency

Full cost can be divided into

1.

Cost of a new but very standard and less efficient piece of equipment (Base Cost)

2.

increments of energy efficiency

Energy Efficiency "Premium"

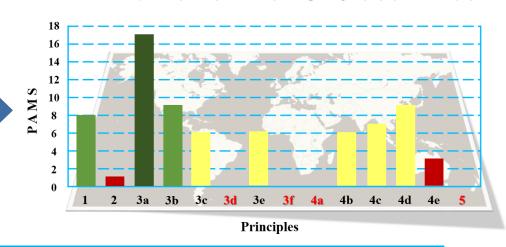
[or "discount"]



I. G20 Policy Tools: voluntary EE Investment Principles (vEEIP) Framework, Databases & TEWs

- EEFTG reviewed 2,000 policies in the IEA's
 PAMS database, focusing on G20 countries, in combination with the results of its 2016 global expert survey.
- To then sort the data by principle and sub-principle of the vEEIP for G20 participating countries
 - Attaining an approximate view of the Principles and sub-Principles that are widely implemented in existing policies and identified the gaps where further progress can be made.

Concentration of PAMS policies in the VEEIP Framework for G20 countries



Policy toolkit: based on the Principles

will

provide

- Rationale
- Key Findings
- Case Studies (policy innovations that promote EEI)
- for each
- Action Areas

of the Principles and sub-Principles in the G20's vEEIP

EEFTG's Tools for Bilateral Engagement with G20 Countries

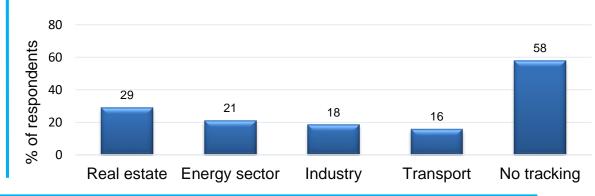
- I. Supporting the development of an enabling national policy framework
- Providing an engagement platform and mechanism through its Technical Engagement Workshops (TEWs)
- **III. Exchanging knowledge** of good practices

II. Private Sector Tools: Collective Statements, Green Tags, Best Practice Surveys and De-Risking

2016 EEFTG's Bank Survey Key Conclusions:

- a. Well-recognized opportunity
- b. Needing awareness raising and supportive policies
- c. Requiring tracking of energy efficiency finance

Green Tagging to Track the Energy Performance of Banks' Assets



G20 Energy Efficiency Investor Statement



Insurers can help De-Risk Energy Efficiency Investments:

- Technical risks particularly during the implementation of the energy efficiency improvements as a multi-stakeholder process and when using complex equipment.
- Financial/performance risk the level of energy savings and the financial value of these savings.

III. Public Finance Tools: Joint Statement, Focus Action Framework, Structured Engagement for Development

Public Financial Institutions have led Energy Efficiency in 3 Areas:

- Showcasing & replication of energy efficiency investment models.
- Identification & implementation of new financial instruments that facilitate the replication and scale up of energy efficiency investments.
- 3. Identification of **internal policies** that **mainstream** EE investing **across all activities** of the organisation.

Joint G20 Energy Efficiency Statement



















Framework of Action for Public Financial Institutions and Country Partners to scale-up Energy Efficiency Investments

- Increase Policy-based Lending to Support Investment Grade Policy Frameworks that require and promote EE and to drive "Life-cycle Cost Optimal" Procurement of Public Infrastructure and Buildings
- 2. Increasing the amount, availability, simplicity and connectedness of Technical Assistance/ Project Development Assistance facilities
- 3. Lever Multiple Retail Distribution Mechanisms
- 4. Energy Efficiency's Central Role in the Future of Mobility, Smart Grids and Infrastructure



Opportunities for Development of G20 EE Investment Toolkit in 2018 Presidency...



Use the toolkit's framework to engage in a collaborative dialogue with all stakeholders (policy makers, public and private financial institutions) to co-create the investment environment needed and learn from good practice cases internationally.



Design and implement an enabling policy framework for EE investments, guided by the G20 Energy Efficiency Investment Principles.



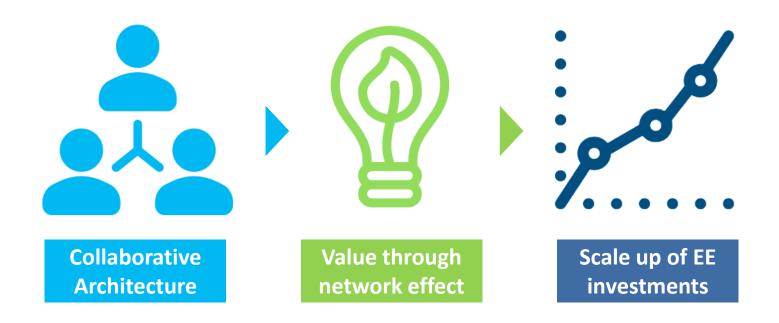
Adopt specialised products and services for EE, as well as tools that improving the visibility and enable tracking of asset energy performance, using the insights and good practices cases provided by the toolkit.



Work closely with public financial institutions to **dedicate more concessional financial instruments to EE**, and **develop awareness and capacity** of bank management and
staff to develop specialised products and services for

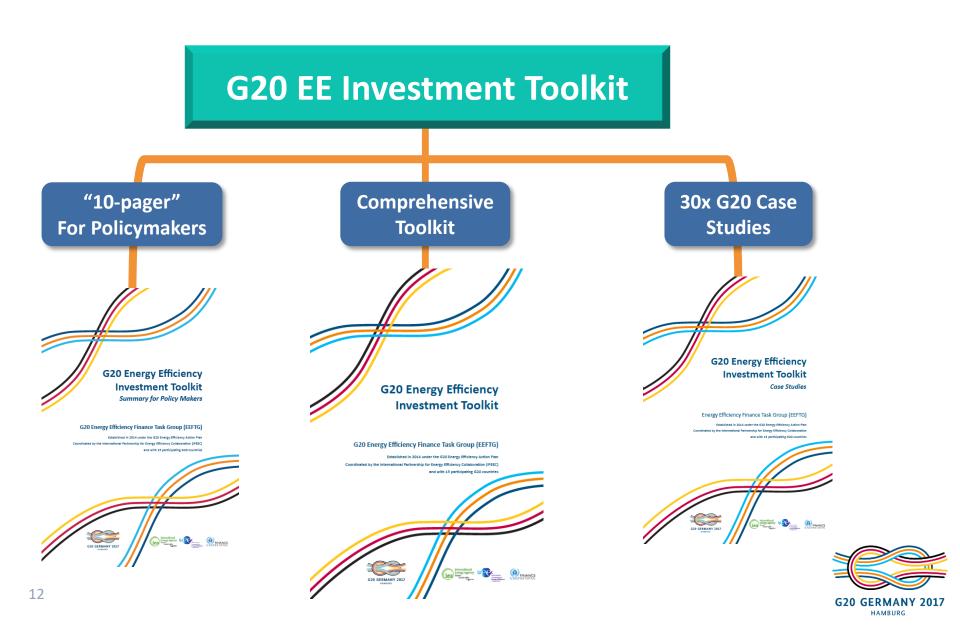
EE Investment Opportunities Arise through multi-stakeholder collaboration...

The G20 EEI Toolkit provides:





3x Toolkits in One to Scale-up Energy Efficiency Investments





Supported by: CLIMATE & STRATEGY

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