SMUD's Smart Grid Initiatives

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October 2014

Powering forward. Together.



SMUD – Owned By Customers

- Not-for-profit, publicly owned utility (POU)
- Voter approved in 1923, began service in 1946
- Serves Sacramento County, small parts of Placer and Yolo counties
- 604,000 customers; population of 1.4 million
- Peak load: 3,299 MW (July 2006)
- Sixth-largest POU in U.S.
- Seven-member Board of Directors
- Independent of city and county governments
- Low rates, reliable, innovative and green





Smart Grid Investment Grant (SGIG)

- October 2009 DOE
 Announcement
 - SGIG grants to 100 entities
 - \$203 million to California
 - \$127.5 award to SMUD for a\$308 million project
 - SMUD received 63% of the SGIG funds that went to California



News Media Contact(s): (202) 586-4940 For Immediate Release October 27, 2009

President Obama Announces \$3.4 Billion Investment to Spur Transition to Smart Energy Grid

Applicants say investments will create tens of thousands of jobs, save energy and empower consumers to cut their electric bills

ARCADIA, FLORIDA – Speaking at Florida Power and Light's (FPL) DeSoto Next Generation Solar Energy Center, President Barack Obama today announced the largest single energy grid modemization investment in U.S. history, funding a broad range of technologies that will spur the nation's transition to a smarter, stronger, more efficient and reliable electric system. The end result will promote energy-saving choices for consumers, increase efficiency, and foster the growth of renewable energy sources like wind and solar.

The \$3.4 billion in grant awards are part of the American Reinvestment and Recovery Act, and will be matched by industry funding for a total public-private investment worth over \$8 billion. Applicants state that the projects will create tens of thousands of jobs, and consumers in 49 states will benefit from these investments in a stronger, more reliable grid. Full listings of the grant awards by category and state are available HERE (<u>http://www.energy.gov/recovery/smartraid_maps/SGIGSelections_Category.pdf</u>, and HERE <u>(http://www.energy.gov/recovery/smartraid_maps/SGIGSelections_Category.pdf</u>). A map of the awards is available HERE (<u>http://www.energy.gov/recovery/smartraid_maps/SGIGSelections_State.pdf</u>).

An analysis by the Electric Power Research Institute estimates that the implementation of smart grid technologies could reduce electricity use by more than 4 percent by 2030. That would mean a savings of \$20.4 billion for businesses and consumers around the country, and \$1.6 billion for Florida alone – or \$56 in utility savings for every man, woman and child in Florida.

One-hundred private companies, utilities, manufacturers, cities and other partners received the Smart Grid Investment Grant awards today, inchuding FPL, which will use its \$200 million in funding to install over 2.5 million smart meters and other technologies that will cut energy costs for its customers. In the coming days, Cabinet Members and Administration officials will fan out to awardee sites across the country to discuss how this investment will create jobs, improve the reliability and efficiency of the electrical grid, and help bring clean energy sources from high-production states to those with less renewable generating capacity. The awards announced today represent the largest group of Recovery Act awards ever made in a single day and the largest batch of Recovery Act clean energy grant awards to-date.

Today's announcement includes:

Empowering Consumers to Save Energy and Cut Utility Bills – \$1 billion. These investments will
create the infrastructure and expand access to smart meters and customer systems so that consumers
will be able to access dynamic pricing information and have the ability to save money by programming
smart appliances and equipment to run when rates are lowest. This will help reduce energy bills for
everyone by helping drive down "peak demand" and limiting the need for "stand-by" power plants –
the most expensive power generation there is.



Acknowledgement/Disclaimer

Acknowledgement: This material is based upon work supported by the Department of Energy under Award Number OE000214.

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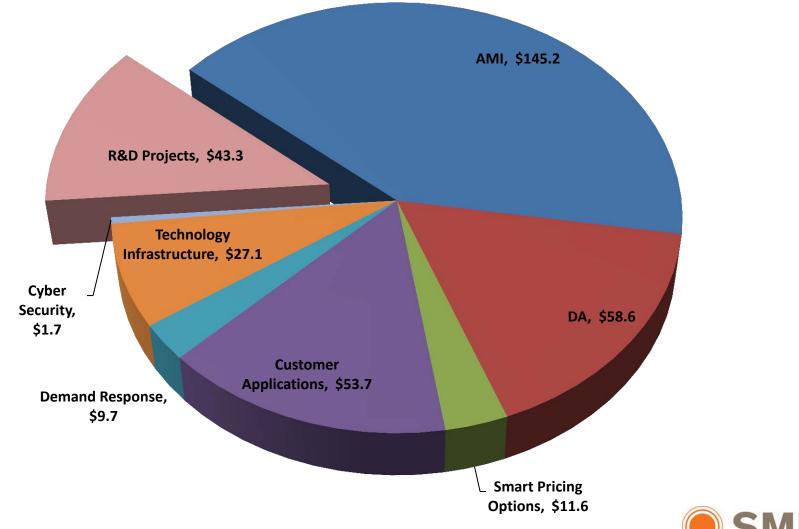
What SMUD has Done

- 1. Smart meter installation
- 2. Consumer behavior study
- 3. Demand response
- 4. Distribution automation
- 5. Customer applications
- 6. Technology infrastructure
- 7. Cyber security
- 8. R&D Projects



Smart Grid Projects & Budgets

Smart Grid Budget \$351M (\$307.7M SGIG + \$43.3M R&D)





Smart Grid Vision





Smart Meters

- Installed over 620,000 meters
- Completed installation of telecommunication network
- Allow customers to opt out of smart meters
- Remote connect/disconnect switch activated April 2011 reducing truck rolls by over 400,000 per year



Smart Meters

- Other utilities encountered publicity problems
 with AMI deployments
- Deployed 80k meters in hard-to-read areas and temporarily stopped deployment
- Tested system to ensure accuracy, data transfer capability, storage and communication
- Trained 40 staff plus executives and board members to present information in community



Smart Meter Benefits

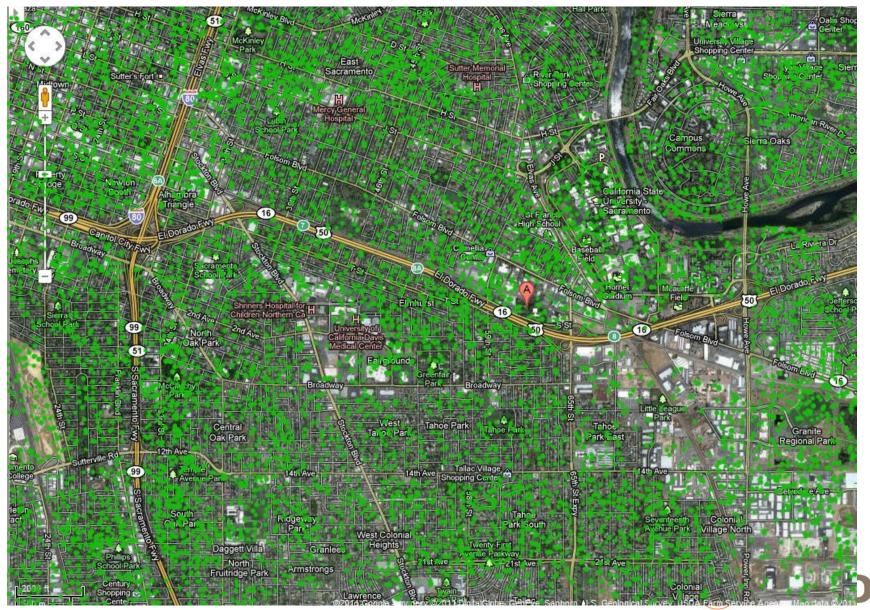
- Yesterday's data today
- TOU/CPP capable
- Communicate with HANs for demand response
- Meter tamper detection
- Automatic connect/disconnect
- 'Ping' meters after outage restoration to verify there are no imbedded outages
 - System voltage reads

Potential Future Functionality Additions

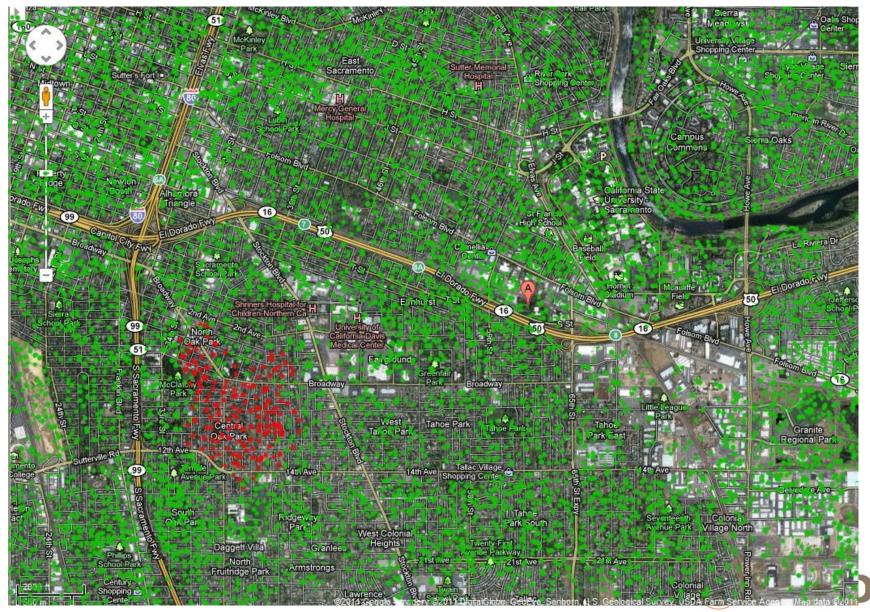
- System/DER monitoring and optimization
- Transformer loading characteristics (future)
- Enable 'Last Gasp' functionality for outage notification



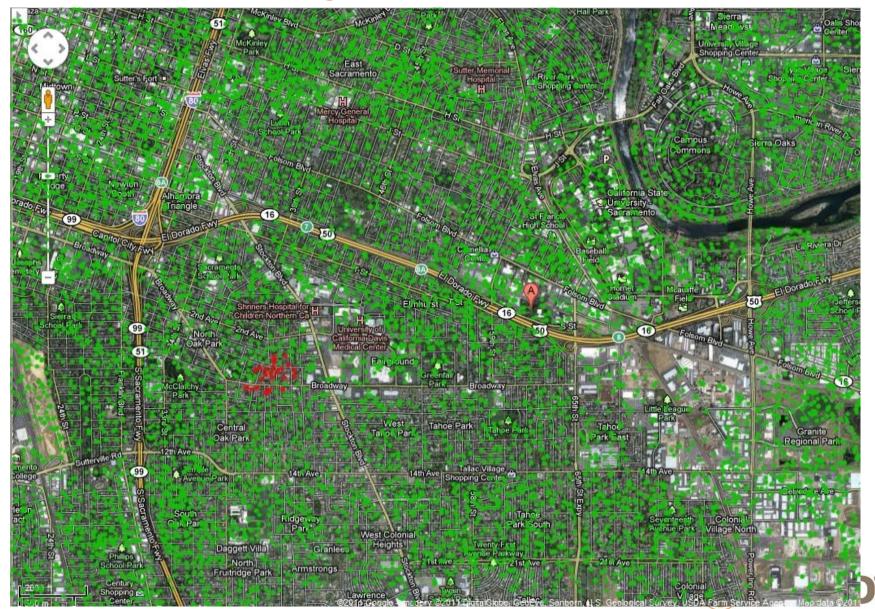
Outage Detection



Outage Detection



Imbedded Outages



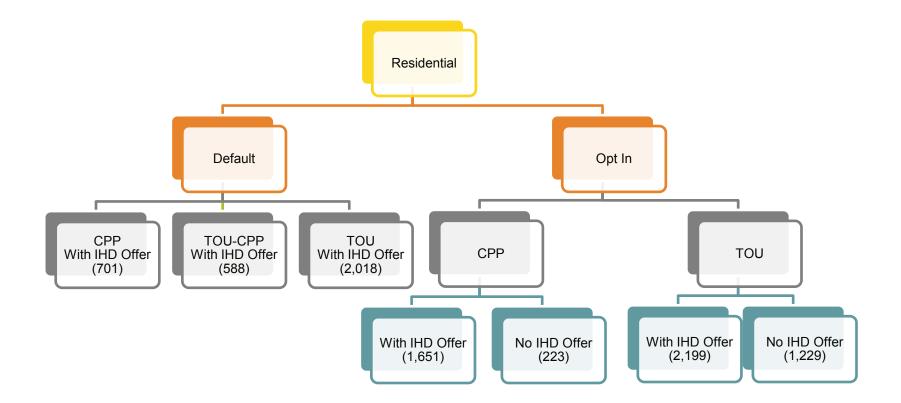
Smart Pricing Options

Scope

 Dynamic pricing pilot offering opt-in and opt-out Time of Use (TOU), Critical Peak Price (CPP), and Time of Use with a Critical Peak Price (TOU-CPP) rates to residential customers to determine the impacts of various offers on peak load reduction & customer satisfaction



Key features of SPO pilot & enrollment



Total enrollment including deferred groups = 12,027; Total # of customers receiving offers (including deferred groups) = 53,798; Total # of customers in SPO including controls = 99,661



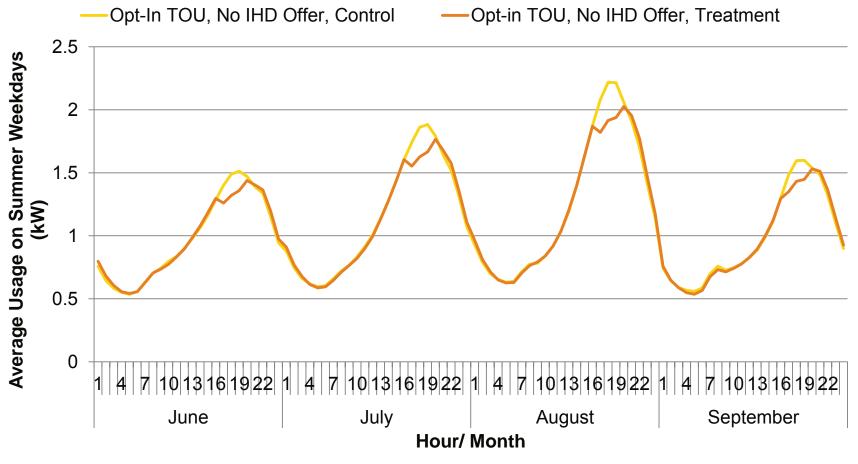
SmartPricing Options

	On-Peak Prices Weekdays: 4-7 PM		Off-Peak Prices (All Other Hours)		Monthly
Standard Residential CBS Rate	Peak Price	Critical Peak Price	Tier 1	Tier 2	Service Charge
Time-Of-Use Peak Rate	\$0.27	\$0.00	\$0.0846	\$0.1660	\$10.00
Time-Of-Use with Critical Peak Pricing	\$0.27	\$0.75	\$0.072	\$0.1411	\$10.00
Critical Peak Pricing (Stand- Alone)	\$0.00	\$0.75	\$0.0851	\$0.1665	\$10.00

	On-Peak Prices Weekdays: 4-7 PM		Off-Peak Prices (All Other Hours)			Monthly
Low Income Residential CBS Rate	Peak Price	Critical Peak Price	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3	Service Charge
Time-Of-Use Peak Rate	\$0.20	\$0.00	\$0.0550	\$0.1162	\$0.1660	\$3.50
Time-Of-Use with Critical Peak Pricing	\$0.20	\$0.50	\$0.0468	\$0.0987	\$0.1411	\$3.50
Critical Peak Pricing (Stand-Alone)	\$0.00	\$0.50	\$0.0553	\$0.1165	\$0.1665	\$3.50



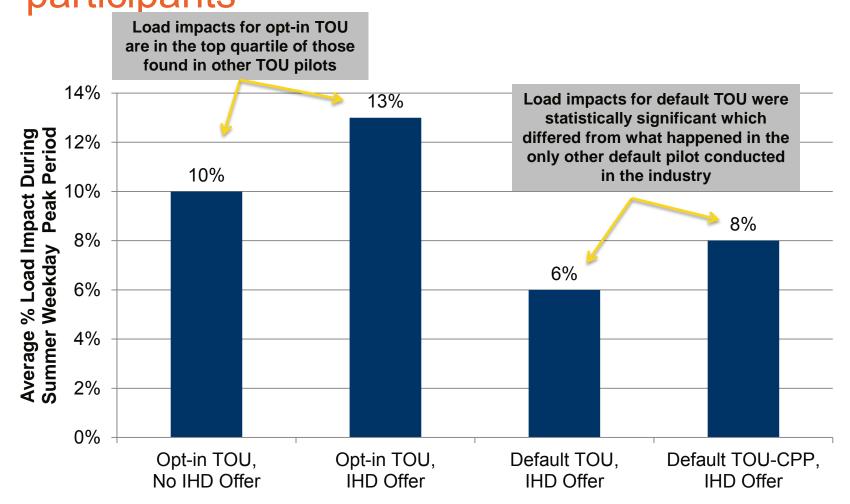
Impacts For Opt-In TOU



*Results are quite similar for TOU with IHD offer treatment group

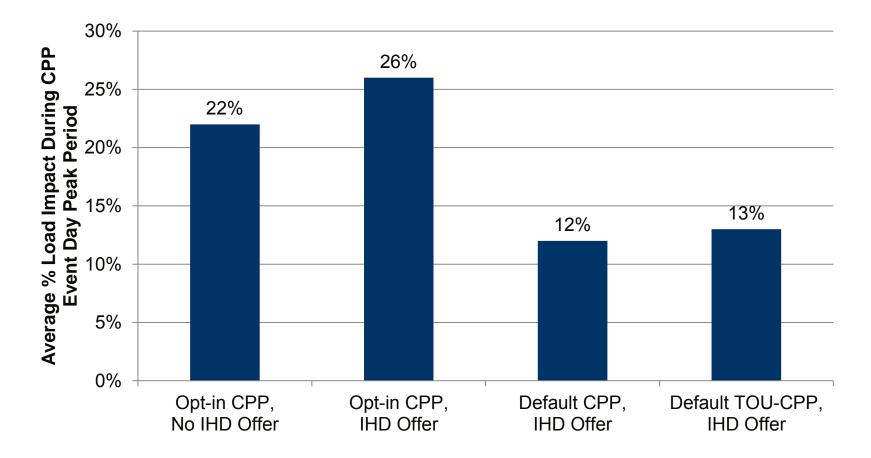


% load reductions for TOU pricing plans were significant for both opt-in and default participants





Peak load reductions for CPP pricing plans were significant for both opt-in and default participants





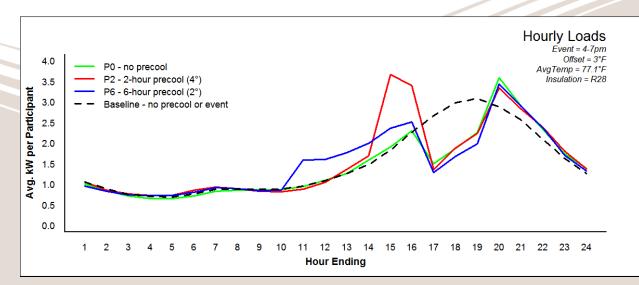
Demand Response

- Procured and install a demand response management system (DRMS) software platform (Lockheed Martin SeeLoad)
- Implemented demand response pilots for residential customers-
 - 2012 PowerStat pilot (180 homes, pre-cooling strategy)
 - 2013 PowerStat pilot (825 homes, TOU-CPP rate, incentives paid per event, customer control or SMUD control)
- Developed and implemented an Automated Demand Response (AutoDR) program for medium and large commercial
 - 3.5 MW signed up
 - Program expanding in 2014



PowerStat 2012

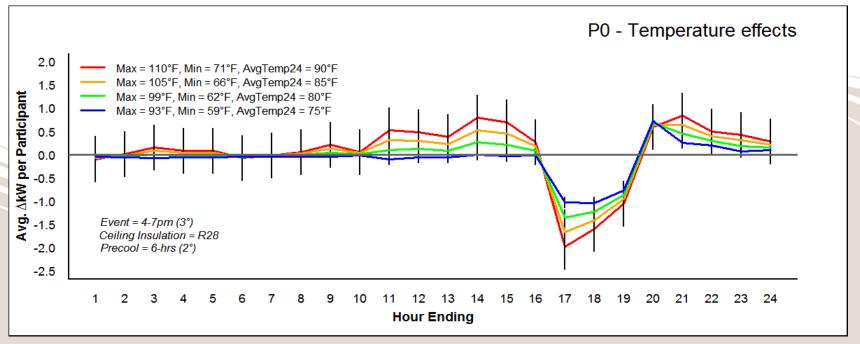
- <u>Before the event</u>, the 6 hour precool used significantly more energy
 - The 2 hour precool used the highest
- During the event, the 6 hour precool reduced the most
 - The 2 hour and no precool was similar
- After the event, no significant differences
- Total daily energy use was lowest under the no precool
 - The 2 hour and 6 hour precool was not statistically different





How did the load impacts change with the outdoor temperature

 In all cases, results show that higher temperatures increase pre-peak and post peak loads and lower peak loads



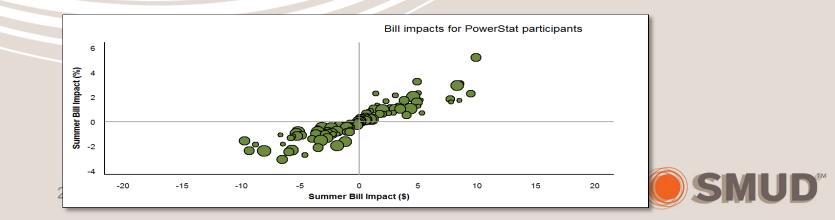


Electric Bill Impacts

 Average monthly bill impacts for PowerStat[®] participants ranged from a \$2 monthly bill savings (-1.2%) to a \$0.55 monthly bill increase (+0.5%)

Treatment	Average Monthly Bill Impact (\$)	% Bill Impact
No Precool	- \$2.03	- 1.2 %
2 hr precool	+ \$0.55	+ 0.5 %
6 hr precool	- \$0.20	- 0.1 %

• Bill impact estimates ranged from -\$10 to \$10 for the summer, representing between -3% and +5% of the August-September bills.

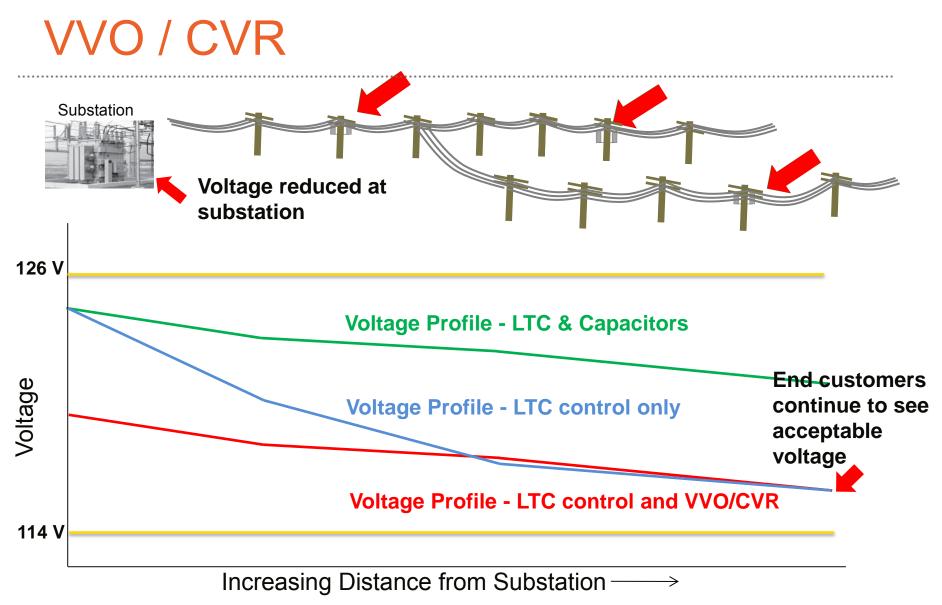


Distribution Automation

- Automated 118 distribution feeders
- Implemented SCADA (supervisory control and data acquisition) at 40 existing substations
- Implemented VVO/CVR at two substations in 2011 and 14 subs in 2013-14
- Field tested Automatic Sectionalizing & Restoration control logic
- Upgraded Outage Management System Integraph's OMS 8.2 and Mobile Thin Client
- Situational Awareness and Visualization Intelligence (SAVI) --Distribution Dashboard
- Implemented an electronic wall map
- Outage Communication designed and developed automated process for customer notification of outages









CVR Impact Variation

• Impact of CVR varies depending on a variety of factors including load mix, load level, weather and season.

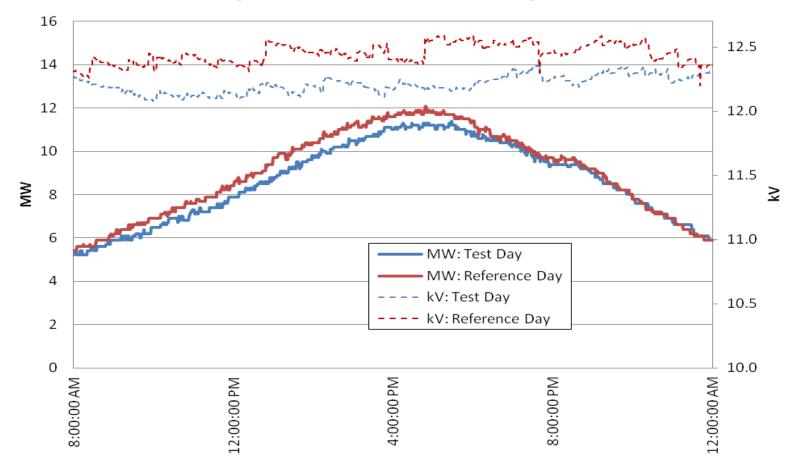
Approx.	Load	Impacts	(for 3%	Voltage	Reductior)

Load Type	Approx. Demand Reduction Range
Lighting - Incandescent	5%
Lighting - Fluorescent Tube / CFL	2-8%
Lighting - LED	0-6%
LCD TV	0%
Plasma TV	0%
Air Conditioning - Conventional	0.5-1.0%
SOURCE: PACIFIC NORTHWEST NATIONAL LABORATORY	



2011 Pilot Deployment - CVR Results

Myrtle-Date 2% CVR Analysis





Pilot Test Findings

• Pilot test results illustrated a range of potential impacts depending on individual feeder load response to a voltage reduction.

Pilot Test Results for 2% Voltage Reduction

	Madison-Kenneth	Myrtle-Date
Ave Peak Demand	15.0 MW	12.4 MW
Avg Peak Demand Reduction	150 kW (~1%)	310 kW (~2.5%)
Avg Energy Impact*	0.5 MWh	4 MWh
* 0 401 51		

* Over 16 hour period



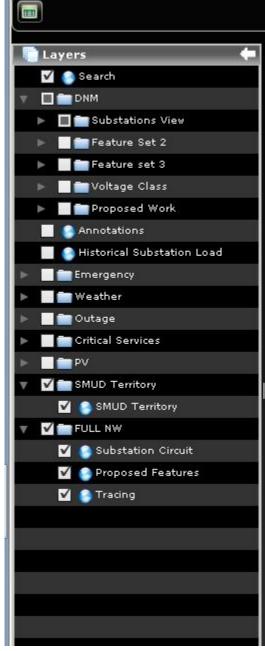
Situational Awareness and Visual Intelligence (SAVI)

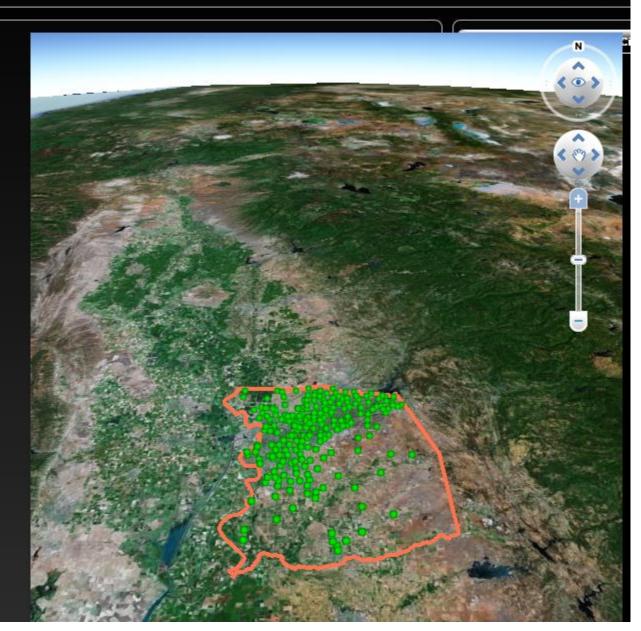
- Provide a tool that would make data actionable
 - Implement a Dashboard for Distribution
 System Operators
 - Tool to geospatially display information from multiple source systems and allow for geospatial analysis
 - Ability to trend current and historical information



SMUD DSO



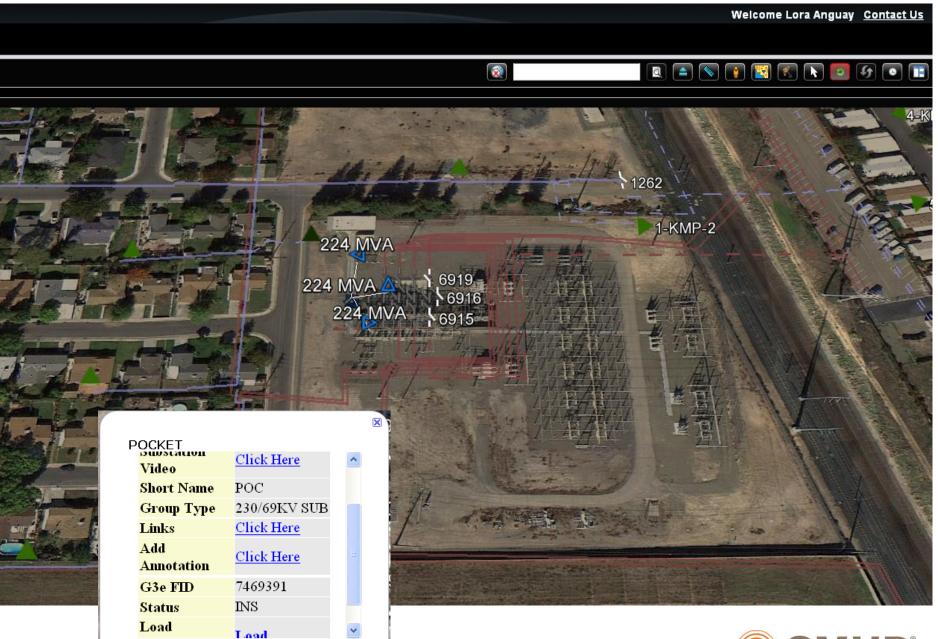




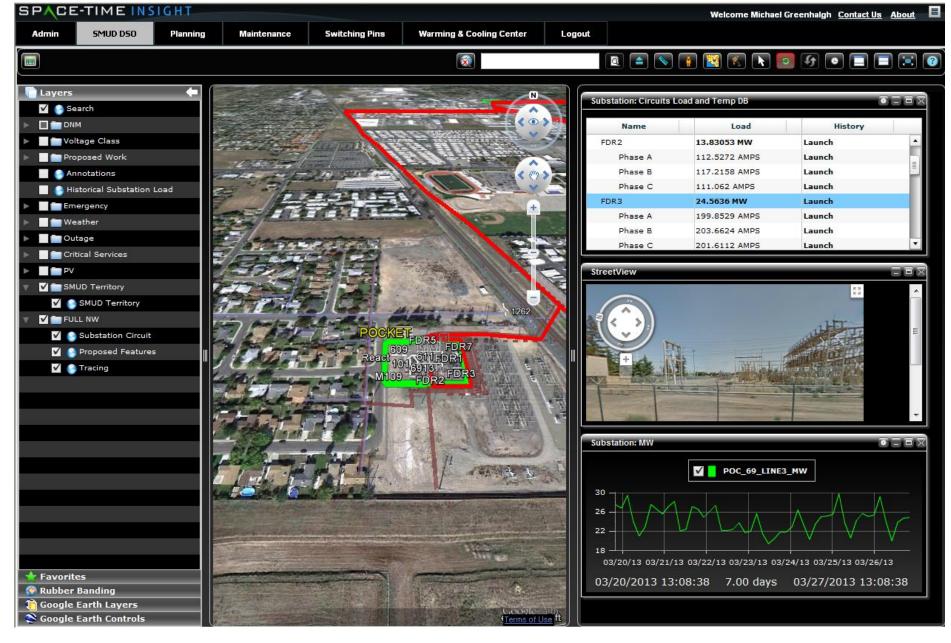
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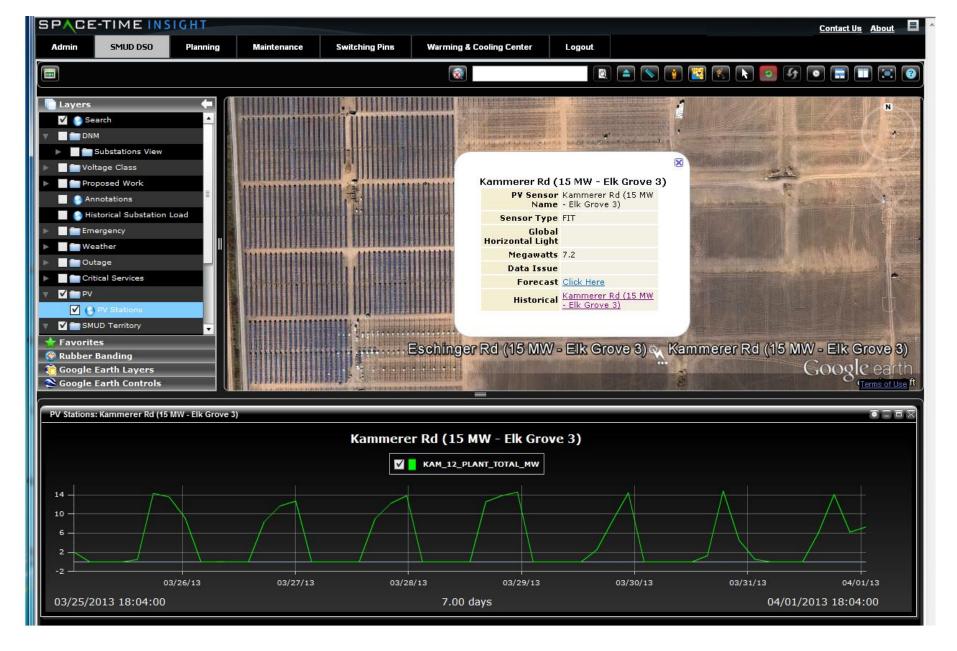














Customer Services & Solutions

<u>Scope</u>

- Developed expanded energy information and education toolset to help customers manage their energy use
- Provided technology solutions allowing customers to control and automate their electric use
- Deployed six residential and small commercial pilots to assess effectiveness of various levels of technology, automation, control and education enabled by the smart grid in comparison to more traditional methods



Customer Services & Solutions

- Projects completed for residential and small commercial pilots: Smart Thermostats, Low Income Energy Management and IHD Check-Out Pilot
- Vendor selected for med-large C/I Energy Information & Tools (Energy Profiler Online by Schneider Electric), working on real-time pilot
- Rebate programs developed for C/I EMS and Advanced Lighting—EMS program finished, Lighting program still active
- Some projects cancelled due to timing or lack of available products—Residential Energy Management Systems, Controllable Appliances, HAN Usability Study

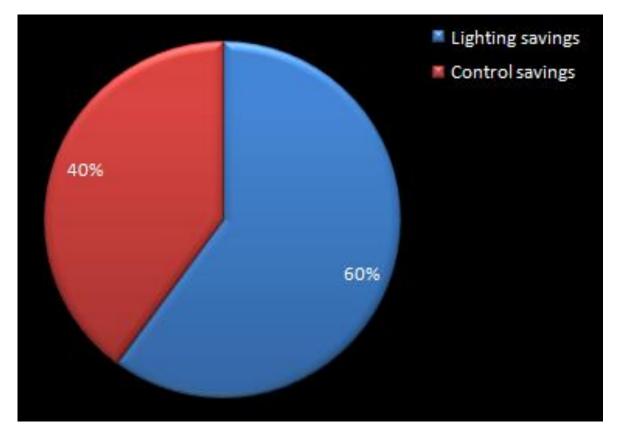


Advanced Lighting Program

- Provided rebates for the installation of advanced, controllable lighting systems
- Combined efficient lighting technologies (technology neutral—LED, fluorescent, HID, etc.) with control strategies
- Energy savings in the 50% to 90% range



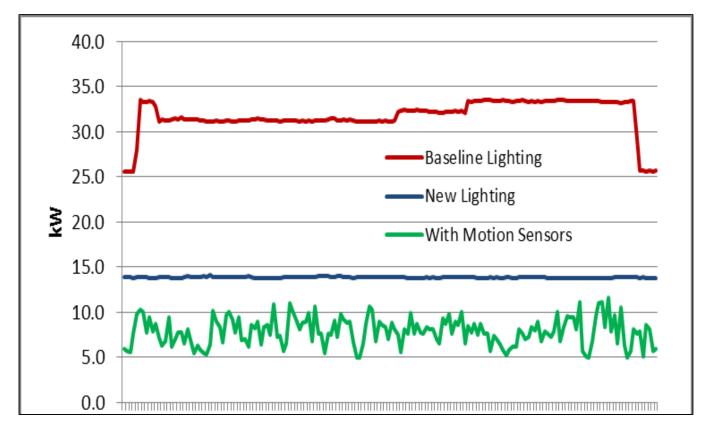
A Glance at the Savings



Savings from lighting upgrades:	2,505,672 kWh / year
Savings from controls:	1,661,322 kWh / year
Total estimated savings:	4,166,994 kWh / year



Case Study Results



Lighting load profiles for pre-retrofit baseline, new baseline, and with motion sensors.



Technology Infrastructure



Enterprise Service Bus

- Installed Enterprise Service Bus software platform to simplify integration of new smart grid systems and legacy systems
- Reduced the number, size, and complexity of integration interfaces between systems in order to reduce cost and improve speed of service to the customer
- Customer Relationship Management (CRM)
- Installed Customer Relationship Management System software that integrates customer service call center with back office billing system



Cyber Security



Scope

- Procure and install cyber security hardware and software to prevent attack, monitor attempted attacks, and continuously check for vulnerabilities
- Incorporate cyber security at all levels of upgraded/new systems



- Executive support is essential for largescale projects
- Customer communication is critical
- Flexible scope and schedule is important
 Some of our scope was hard and fast
 - Other parts were flexible
 - Flexibility allowed us to move things around when projects didn't work out as planned



- Data accuracy and timeliness is important
 - New applications allow highly detailed view of system
 - If data is bad, capabilities of advanced tools and applications cannot be fully realized
 - Results will not be reliable or timely



- Immature technologies--some of the smart grid products were not quite ready for broad-scale deployment:
 - Smart appliances were pulled from the market in the middle of our project
 - Certain software products were not as fully developed as expected (they are improving over time)
 - Early version products tend to be expensive and costs exceed benefits (some home controls/technologies)
- Products have come a long way, but there are still many early-stage products that need additional testing before being ready for prime time



- Heavily technology-dependent assets should be procured as close to implementation as possible
 - Product functionalities and capabilities are improving rapidly
 - Prices tend to come down over time
- Vendors sometimes overpromised and under-delivered



Next Steps

- Still a lot of work to do. Some projects implemented at 100% level (smart meters), others at a much lower level (automated feeders at 18%).
- Complete SmartSacramento project (over 99% complete, wraps up by 12/23/14)
- Develop Smart Grid Roadmap to guide future smart grid deployments



Next Steps - Roadmap

- Issued an RFP 8-Oct 2014 to hire a consultant to 1) evaluate SmartSacramento and 2) develop a smart grid roadmap
- Evaluation summary
 - Summarize existing evaluations (12)
 - Evaluate additional projects (11)
 - Summarize all evaluations into a single SmartSacramento evaluation



SGIG Evaluations - Completed and Proposed

	Evaluation	Evaluation	
Project Name	Performed?	Required?	Level of Effort
АМІ	Yes	No	Already evaluated. Incorporate findings in final report.
SCADA	No	Yes	High-level evaluation of benefits compared to costs.
Line Automation	No	Yes	Already evaluated. Incorporate findings in final report.
CVR	Yes	No	Already evaluated. Incorporate findings in final report.
ASR	No	Yes	Evaluate benefits compared to costs and future potential.
SAVI	No	Yes	Identify benefits and potential value.
OMS Upgrade	No	Yes	Evaluate benefits vs cost.
PI	No	Yes	Evaluate benefits vs cost.
Outage Communication Tool	No	Yes	Look at benefits and future needs/potential.
Integrated T&D Modeling	No	Yes	Look at benefits compared to current modeling tool.
Mobile Data Terminal Replacement	No	No	No need to evaluate under this contract.
SmartPricing Options	Yes	No	Already evaluated. Incorporate findings in final report.
DRMS	No	Yes	High level look at benefits and long-term capabilities.
PowerStat 2012	Yes	No	Already evaluated. Incorporate findings in final report.
PowerStat 2013	Yes	No	Already evaluated. Incorporate findings in final report.
Auto DR	Yes	No	Already evaluated. Incorporate findings in final report.
Partner Projects	No	No	No need to evaluate under this contract.
Smart Charging Pilot	Yes	No	Already evaluated. Incorporate findings in final report.
Smart Thermostats	Yes	No	Already evaluated. Incorporate findings in final report.
Low-Income Weatherization	Yes	No	Already evaluated. Incorporate findings in final report.
In-Home Display Checkout	Yes	No	Already evaluated. Incorporate findings in final report.
Commercial EMS	No	No	No need to evaluate under this contract.
Res Smart Community	Yes	No	Evaluation underway.
Advanced Controllable Lighting	Yes	No	Already evaluated. Incorporate findings in final report.
			High level look at what will be needed in the future as we
Commercial Energy Information and Tools	No	Yes	progress with smart grid projects.
Enterprise Service Bus	No	No	No need to evaluate under this contract.
CRM	No	No	No need to evaluate under this contract.
Revenue Protection Detection Software	No	Yes	Look at the benefits compared to costs.
Cyber Security	No	No	No need to evaluate under this contract.

11 potential new evaluations

12 Completed evaluations that need to be reviewed and results incorporated into the Roadmap/Evaluation report 6 projects without evaluations and no plans to complete evaluations under this contract



Next Steps - Roadmap

- Develop a smart grid roadmap that incorporates SmartSacramento lessons learned and current best practices
- The plan will include:
 - Evaluation results
 - Proposed new project descriptions, benefits, risks, budgets, staffing impacts
 - Relative project priority
 - Gap analysis
- Roadmap completion expected in June 2015



After the Roadmap

- Review project recommendations
- Develop business cases as needed
- Look for projects with positive ROI or where there is a compelling business need
- Request budget and resources to implement viable projects



Smart Grid Vision





Discussion and Questions



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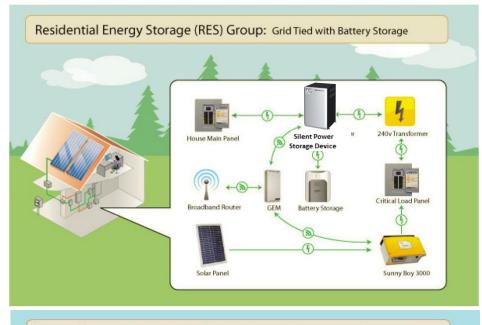


	S	MUD	Smart G	rid I	Projects						
#	Project Name		Budget		DOE	CEC 3rd Party		rd Party	SMUD \$		
1	AMI	\$	145.2			 			\$	85.7	
2	DA	\$	58.6						\$	34.6	
3	Smart Pricing Options	\$	11.6			 			\$	6.9	
4	Customer Applications	\$	53.7			 	\$	18.3	\$	10.1	
5	Demand Response	\$	9.7						\$	5.7	
6	Technology Infrastructure	\$	27.1						\$	16.0	
7	Cyber Security	\$	1.7						\$	1.0	
Total SG	HG Projects	\$	307.7	\$	127.5	\$ 1.0	\$	18.3	\$	159.9	
			R&D Proj	ects							
#	Project Name		Budget		DOE	 CEC	3	rd Party		SMUD \$	
8	Anatolia PV & Energy Storage Integration	\$	6.0	\$	4.3	\$ 0.5			\$	1.0	
9	Flow Batteries Distributed Storage	\$	3.9	\$	6.1	\$ 0.2	\$	4.8	\$	1.4	
10	Microgrid Field Demonstration	\$	3.0			\$ 1.6			\$	1.4	
11	Electric Transportation Infrastructure GM	\$	4.0	\$	2.0	\$ 0.6	\$	0.2	\$	1.2	
12	Electric Transportation Infrastructure Chrysler	\$	0.4	\$	0.2	\$ 0.1			\$	0.1	
13	EV Impact Study	\$	0.5			 	\$	0.1	\$	0.4	
14	Residential Information and Controls Pilot	\$	0.9			 	\$	0.4	\$	0.5	
15	Smart Controls in Multifamily	\$	0.5			\$ 0.3			\$	0.2	
16	PV System Advanced Inverter & Storage	\$	3.3			\$ 2.0	\$	0.2	\$	1.1	
17	Simply Solar	\$	9.0	\$	1.5	\$ 0.1	\$	6.6	\$	0.8	
18	High Penetration PV (CPUC)	\$	3.7			 	\$	2.1	\$	1.6	
19	New Hope Dairy Digester	\$	3.1	\$	0.5	\$ 0.1	\$	2.6			
20	Warmerdam Dairy Digester	\$	5.0	\$	0.7	\$ 0.1	\$	4.2			
Total R&	&D Projects	\$	43.3	\$	15.3	\$ 5.5	\$	21.2	\$	9.8	
Grand T	otal	\$	351.0	\$	142.8	\$ 6.5	\$	39.5	\$	169.7	

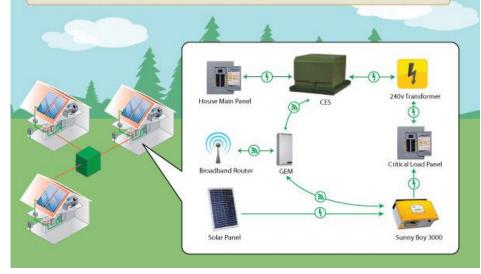


SMUD PV & Smart Grid Pilot at Anatolia

High Penetration Solar Development



Community Energy Storage (CES) Group: Grid Tied with Battery Storage



- Anatolia SolarSmartSM Homes Community (280 homes)
 - High building efficiency measures
 - 2kW PV systems
- Installed 15 RES (10kW/8.8kWh) and 3 CES (30kW/30kWh) units
- Will firm renewables, reduce peak load and improve reliability
- Installed utility and customer portals to monitor PV, storage, customer load
- Sent price signals to affect changes in customer usage
- Quantifying costs and benefits of this storage deployment to gain insights to broader application for SMUD



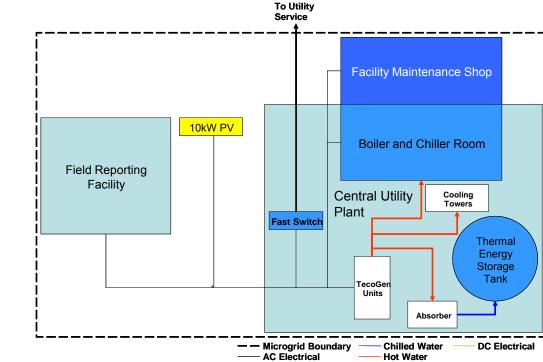
SMUD Microgrid Project Overview

310kW demo of Microgrid concept

for our central utility plant and Field Reporting Facility

- 3-100kW natural gas engines
- 10kW PV
- Absorption chiller
- Seamless separation and isolation from utility grid and resynchronization

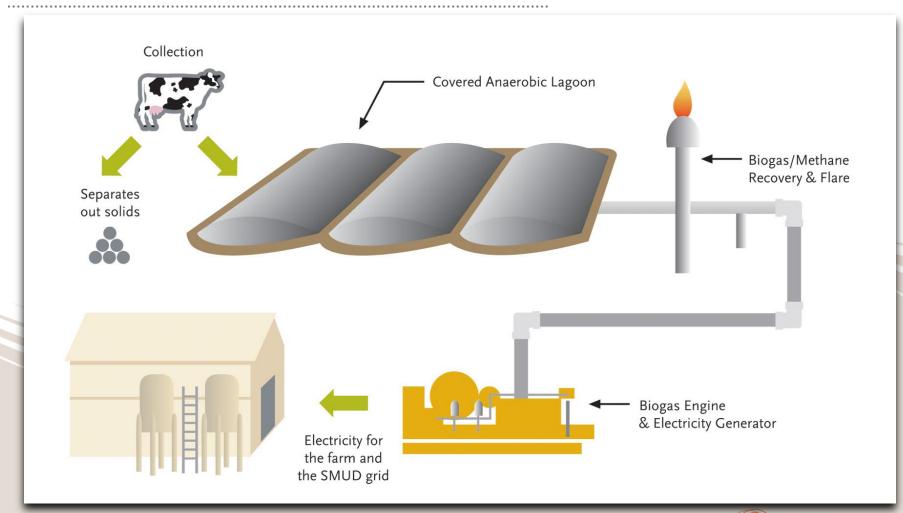




- •2 centrifugal chillers (600 ton and 200 ton)
- •2 boilers
- •15,000 ton-hour chilled water energy storage (760,000 gallons)



Dairy Manure Digesters



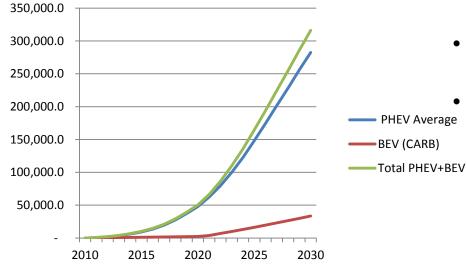


Dairy Digester Projects

- Warmerdam Dairy
 - 600 kW with Selective Catalyst Reduction (SCR), covered lagoon digester
 - About 1,200 milk cows
 - Completion Q1 2013
- New Hope Dairy
 - 450 kW SCR above ground, high solids tank digesters
 - Complies with strictest NOx and SOx emission limits
 - 1,200 milk cows
 - Completion Q1 2013



Electric Vehicle Potential Load Impacts



• Load becomes significant around 2025

Local distribution impacts will be felt sooner
 Will need to manage load

PHEV Average Projection	Year	PHEV	BEV	% Sac	Load	Energy
- Adjusted EPRI Model - CARB Model (Oct. 2009) - Charles River Associates	2015	9,225	1,045	0.3	35MW	53 GWh
Load Calculation Assume 50% of PHEV's at 1.5 kW charge level 25% of PHEV's at 3.3 kW charge level 25% of PHEV's at 6.6 kW charge level	2020	47,940	2,357	1.4	164MW	144 GWh
100% of BEV's at 6.6 kW charge level Energy Calculation Assume	2025	148,108	16,322	12.2	566MW	495 GWh
365 days a year of charging (worst case) PHEV require 7.5 kWh of charging/day BEV's require 15 kWh of charging/day	2030	282,524	33,481	30.3	1,097MW	956 GWh

